

GERMANY SINKS ANOTHER U. S. STEAMER WITHOUT WARNING AND TWENTY PERISH

GERMANS STOP RETREAT AND OFFER STIFF FIGHT ALONG FRONT IN FRANCE

Violent Attacks Against the French Near St. Quentin and La Fere Are Broken Up by Artillery.

GERMANS ARE ACTIVE ALONG RUSSIAN FRONT

Repulsed After Making Gains in Vilna Region and Near Brody—Turks Still in Retreat.

New York, March 22.—(By Associated Press.)—The Germans, according to latest British and French official communications, apparently are ending their retreat along the front in France and are preparing to give battle everywhere to their oncoming foes. Paris reports that between the Somme and the Oise the Germans made successive violent attacks against the French troops, holding the east bank of the St. Quentin canal, but that the French machine guns stopped them.

Attacks also were delivered by the Germans near La Fere and between the Lan road and the River Aisne, but the French barrage broke them up. London reports that from the south of Arras to the west of St. Quentin along the entire British front, the Germans are stiffening their resistance increasingly. The only advance by the entente along the French front is claimed by the French, who crossed the Ailette river at several points.

The communication of the Berlin war office asserts that on both sides of the Somme and Oise rivers engagements between Germans and entente advance detachments have resulted favorably for the Germans.

GERMANS ATTACK ON RUSS FRONT.

There has been a renewal of activity on the Russian front in the Vilna region. Here the Germans made an advance over a front of 2 1/2 miles and on Lida and captured 25 Russians and a number of guns. Petrograd admits the advance, but says that later the territory was retaken. In Galicia, near Brody, German attacks have been repulsed.

The Turks in Persia are still in retreat before the Russians, says Petrograd. Nothing new has come through concerning the operations of the British against the Ottomans north and northeast of Bagdad.

The entente allies are still on the offensive against the forces of the central powers in Macedonia, but Berlin says that attacks north of Monastir have been repulsed. The usual artillery duels and minor infantry attacks continue in the Austro-Italian theater.

FRENCH VICTORS NEAR ST. QUENTIN.

Paris, March 22.—Hard fighting has been in progress between the French and Germans in the neighborhood of St. Quentin, according to the official war office statement issued tonight. The Germans made a number of attempts to drive the French back from the banks of the St. Quentin canal, but the attacks failed.

There also were lively engagements west of La Fere, one of the German strongholds.

The text of the statement reads: "In the region of St. Quentin skirmishes between patrols have occurred north of Dallon. Between the Somme and the Oise the enemy in the course of the day made violent attempts to drive us back from the east bank of the canal of St. Quentin, which we occupy in front of Claes and Montecourt. Successive attacks by the enemy were broken down by our machine gun fire.

"Spirited engagements to the west of La Fere likewise ended in a complete check for the enemy.

"South of the Oise our detachments crossed the Ailette river at several points.

"North of the Aisne the Germans renewed their attempts between the Laon road and the river. Three attacks against the Yvreny-Chivres line were arrested by our barrage fire. South of the Aisne, enfilading the enemy's troops, our artillery inflicted upon them very heavy losses.

"The artillery fighting was quite violent in the Woivre at the foot of the Romainville farm, sector of St. Mihiel. It was unsuccessful. There is nothing to report on the rest of the front.

"All reports that have reached us confirm that the enemy has systematically pillaged and ravaged the evacuated zone without, in a majority of the cases, military reasons. For instance General von Fleck, commandant of the C. A. German, on quitting Ham carried away the furnishings of the house that he had occupied in that town.

Belgian Communication: "Last night and today both armies have been active on the Dixmude front and the

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EX-PRESIDENT TAFT WILL SPEAK TWICE IN ATLANTA TODAY

Makes Address at Auditorium This Afternoon and at the Capital City Club This Evening.

BIG AUDIENCE EXPECTED AT AFTERNOON ADDRESS

300 Guests Will Be Present at the Banquet—Elaborate Preparations Made for Entertaining Former President.

MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

Mayor Asa G. Candler has issued the following proclamation:

To the People of Atlanta:

Ex-President Taft comes to Atlanta this afternoon to speak to you upon a subject that vitally concerns every man, woman and child in the world.

The prophets have told us of a time when the nations of the earth will beat their swords into plowshares and their spears into pruning hooks and there will be no more war.

It now seems possible that this dream of the ages may be realized in our time, at the end of the present war, when the burdens of armament will be too grievous to be borne longer.

The mission of the great American who is our guest today is to crystallize the sentiment of this country upon this great object, so that our government will be in position to act when the time comes.

No statesman ever had a nobler theme and none has discussed it with so much power as Mr. Taft.

Therefore, I call upon you to come to the Auditorium at 4 o'clock this afternoon and give our distinguished guest such a welcome as Atlanta knows how to give to a great man working for a great cause.

ASA G. CANDLER, Mayor.

Former President William Howard Taft will arrive in Atlanta today, and will speak twice, at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the Auditorium, and at 8 o'clock this evening at the Capital City Club. The meeting this afternoon will be one of the greatest of its kind in the history of the city, due to the fact that there is a large interest being manifested in the League to Enforce Peace, of which Mr. Taft is president, and under whose auspices he comes to Atlanta, and that so many separate organizations, both civic and social, are actively engaged in arranging for his reception.

The ex-President will arrive at noon today, and will be met by a reception committee, with Mayor Candler, H. M. Atkinson, Ivan E. Allen, president of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, and Albert Howell, chairman of the general committee on arrangements, at its head. The party will go immediately to the Georgian Terrace hotel, where Mr. Taft will be the guest of H. M. Atkinson during his stay here.

Mayor to Give Luncheon. At 2 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Taft will be tendered by Mayor Candler a luncheon at the DuPont Hills Golf club, the number of guests and the time being necessarily limited.

Mr. Taft, in his subject this afternoon, will speak of two themes of vital concern, "The American Red Cross," of whose central committee he is chairman, and "The League to Enforce Peace," of which he is president. Mr. Taft was the first president of the United States to be president of the American Red Cross. During his term a resolution was passed making the president of the country automatically the head of this organization. Mr. Taft agreed to talk on the Red Cross following a request from Judge Walter Colquhoun, Mr. Spencer Atkinson and Bolling H. Jones, all of whom are connected with the Red Cross work here.

In discussing the League to Enforce Peace, Mr. Taft will explain the purposes of the league and of how it is organized to bind together the nations of the earth in a lasting peace agreement, in order that all war will thereby become impossible. Mr. Taft is vitally interested in the purposes of this league, and is spending much of his time in its interests.

There will be 300 Georgians assembled at the Capital City Club tonight to hear Mr. Taft, and at this banquet he will discuss more at length the League to Enforce Peace. The banquet room will be decorated with appropriate insignia, and the menu cards will be especially attractive, on the design of which the snow white dove and eagle will figure.

Albert Howell Toastmaster. Albert Howell, Jr., will act as toastmaster for the evening and will introduce Mr. Taft.

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GEORGIA TROOPER FLEES TO MEXICO TO JOIN GERMANS

El Paso, Texas, March 22.—United States secret service agents have been unusually active on the border here during the last 48 hours investigating reports of German spies, and a German crossing to Mexico and the movements of Germans said to have been enlisted in the United States army and national guard commands on the border. All persons who cross to Mexico are examined closely.

Among those who have escaped to Mexico is a German-American trooper in the Georgia infantry. He was said to have announced his intention of going to Chihuahua City, where he expected to join a regiment of Germans reported to be forming there.

AMERICA IS FIRST TO RECOGNIZE NEW RUSS GOVERNMENT

Ambassador Francis extends Formal Congratulations of United States to Council of Ministers Assembled in Palace.

Petrograd, March 22.—(Via London.) The United States is the first nation to recognize formally the new government of Russia.

Ambassador Francis made a preliminary call today on Foreign Minister Milukoff immediately upon the receipt of instructions from the state department at Washington. This afternoon, accompanied by his staff, including the naval and military attaches, he went to the Marinsky palace, where the council of ministers was assembled, made the formal recognition and presented congratulations and felicitations on behalf of the United States.

The naval and military attaches appeared in full uniforms, while Ambassador Francis and the secretaries wore afternoon dress.

Received in Council Chamber. The ambassadorial party was received in the council chamber. All the ministers were present and stood in a row behind the semi-circular table. Ambassador Francis stepped from the group of secretaries and addressed the ministers, saying:

"I have the honor, as the ambassador and representative of the government of the United States accredited to Russia, to state, in accordance with instructions, that the government of the United States has recognized the new government of Russia and I, as ambassador of the United States, will be pleased to continue intercourse with Russia through the medium of the new government."

"May the cordial relations existing between the two countries continue to obtain; may they prove mutually satisfactory and beneficial."

The Russian foreign minister, Dr. Paul Milukoff, replied for the ministers. He said:

"Permit me in the name of the provisional government to answer the act of recognition by the United States. You have been able to follow for yourself the events which have established a new order of affairs in free Russia. I have been more than once in your country and may bear witness that the ideals which are represented by the United States are the same as underlie the existence of our own country. I hope that this great change which has come to Russia will do much to bring us closer together than we have ever been before."

"I must tell your excellency that during the last few days I have received many congratulations from prominent men in your country, assuring me that the public opinion of the United States is in sympathy with the new order of affairs in free Russia. I permit me to thank you. We are proud to be recognized first by a country whose ideals we cherish."

STEP WAS URGED BY AMBASSADOR. Washington, March 22.—Formal and full recognition by the United States of the new government of Russia was announced tonight at the state department. The silence which has been observed at the department concerning the events in Russia was broken when officials learned that the news of Ambassador Francis' official welcoming of the new regime had been received.

It may now be stated that on Tuesday the department received a long dispatch from Ambassador Francis asking authorization to recognize formally the new government. The ambassador pointed out that the Russia was founded on the same principles which had inspired the framers of the American republic and that its leaders stood for all that this country held sacred. The revolution, he said, had been entirely successful and good order prevailed everywhere.

Fitting Step for United States. The ambassador particularly suggested that the United States should be the first nation to welcome the new Russian government into the family of nations. He recalled America's policy of doing everything in its power for the extension of republican principles and spoke most highly of a movement which in less than a week had given

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WAR PREPARATIONS OCCUPY ATTENTION OF U. S. GOVERNMENT

No Mediation Offer Will Be Considered Unless Germany Agrees to Abandon Ruthless Submarine Warfare.

NO NEWS FROM BERLIN AS TO WAR DECLARATION

Wilson Suspends 8-Hour Law on Naval Contracts. Baker Calls Meeting of National Defense Council.

Washington, March 22.—Word that a European neutral might offer mediation to prevent open war between the United States and Germany has come to the administration without causing surprise or in any way affecting the government's plans for meeting the situation forced by submarine warfare. Such a proposal is regarded here as nothing more than another scheme fostered by Germany with the hope of confusing the issue, and possibly dividing sentiment in this country while the destruction of American lives and ships on the high seas continues.

At the state department today officials would neither deny nor confirm that the government already had been approached on this subject, although it was admitted informally that some such move was not unexpected. It was very emphatically stated that no suggestion of mediation or discussion would be considered unless it was accompanied by abandonment of illegal assaults upon American shipping, a course to which there is no reason for believing the imperial government is giving a thought.

The feeling in all quarters here is that the United States has with infinite patience and forbearance done everything possible with honor to avoid the virtual state of war now existing through German aggression. So long as this aggression continues, officials believe the imperial government is giving a thought.

Nothing New From Berlin. Nothing new has been vouchsafed regarding the report that the expectation

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TWO WOMEN HURT IN AUTO ACCIDENTS

In Both Instances Drivers Failed to Stop After Hitting Victims, According to Eyewitnesses.

Two Atlanta women are patients in as many hospitals as the result of alleged reckless running of automobiles on the main thoroughfares of the city last night.

The drivers in each instance, according to police reports, failed to stop their cars, and in one accident the machine was going so fast, it is stated, that none of several witnesses were able to secure the auto number. The police are searching for the autoists.

The injured are: Mrs. C. C. Atkinson, 205 Peachtree street, run down at the corner of Peachtree and Third streets, and Mrs. P. B. McKinney, of 337 West Peachtree street, run down at the corner of West Peachtree and Porter place.

Mrs. Atkinson is a patient at Grady hospital, suffering from serious injuries sustained in the accident. Mrs. McKinney sustained a badly bruised hip and arm and is a patient at St. Joseph's infirmary.

The machine that struck Mrs. Atkinson was said to be No. 3404 Jacksonville, Fla. No number was secured of the car that hit Mrs. McKinney, who was about to board a West Peachtree car at Porter place. She was with Miss Mary Martin and D. S. Buckley, of the same address, but none had an opportunity to state to the police, to see the number of the auto.

Officers Jack Malcolm and George Holley were ordered to make a rigid investigation of the accidents by Captain A. L. Poole.

Boy of 11 Hurt. Charlie Dodge, 11 years old, of 385 Grant street, suffered a painful injury last night when he had his big toe crushed by a street car, at the corner of Jones' avenue and Marietta street. He was carried to Grady hospital, where medical attention was given him.

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Healdton Torpedoed While in "Safe Zone" Off the Dutch Coast

Submarine Was Seen After Explosion, According to Report Sent by Consul Mahin to State Department—Healdton Was Unarmed—Case Can Cause No Immediate Change in Already Grave Situation.

London, March 22.—The American steamer Healdton has been torpedoed, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News.

The sinking of the Healdton is confirmed by a Reuter dispatch from The Hague.

A boat containing seven of the Healdton's crews has reached Terschelling (North sea), the dispatch adds.

Thirteen members of the American steamer Healdton's crew have arrived at Ymuiden, Holland. They say the steamer was sunk without warning in the so-called "safe zone," and express the belief that 19 men aboard the vessel were drowned. This information is contained in a Reuter dispatch from Ymuiden, which follows:

"The steam trawler Java has arrived here with 13 members of the Healdton's crew. They say the Healdton, unarmed, was shot into flames by a German submarine in the so-called 'safe zone.'"

"Of the crew of 41, probably 19 men were drowned, owing to a sloop capsizing. Two others who jumped also were drowned."

"The Healdton was bound for Rotterdam by way of Bergen, with 6,000 tons of petroleum."

BIG MASS MEETING, PLEDGING SUPPORT, DECLARES FOR WAR

Crowd Filling Madison Square Garden Urges That There Be No More Delay by United States.

New York, March 22.—Led by more than forty patriotic and civil organizations and college clubs, a crowd that filled Madison Square Garden tonight enthusiastically pledged itself to the support of President Wilson and urged that there be no more delay by the United States declaring war on Germany.

Among the speakers were Elihu Root, who presided; Dr. John Grier Hibben, president of Princeton university; Charles S. Fairchild, secretary of the treasury, under President Cleveland, and Mayor Mitchell, United States Senator Ollie James, of Kentucky; Joseph H. Choate and many others of prominence were present.

When Mr. Root, opening the meeting, declared the time had come for the country to act, irrespective of parties or partisanship, the great crowd arose, cheering and waving small American flags. This demonstration was repeated time and again and it was with difficulty that Mr. Root and the other speakers made themselves heard.

Thousands of voices joined in singing "The Star Spangled Banner," and other patriotic airs.

People Must Act.

"We come not to find fault or to criticize. We come to turn our faces toward the government of our choice, the government, the president and the congress on whom we weigh the terrible burdens of decision and action in the issue of peace or war and in the terrible pursuit of that freedom which only war, in this government by the people, it must be the people themselves who act through the president and the congress."

When Mr. Root asserted that a peaceable meeting such as the one tonight was possible only because this country was protected by the armies and navies of the entente allies, a young man in the audience shouted that the speaker's utterance was an untruth. Instantly there was an uproar and the disturber was rushed out of the garden. Several others who tried to interrupt the meeting also were put out.

"The question is not whether we shall submit, but whether the world shall be made to understand that America, with its hundred millions of people, with its vast wealth, with its great traditions, with all the courage and the spirit of the greatest free democracy, has the power and the courage to defend herself," Mr. Root continued.

"I say that upon the issue of the war in Europe hangs the question whether America shall at the close of that war be turned into one armed camp or whether America shall be a subject nation. There is no nation on earth—not England, nor France, nor Belgium, nor Italy, nor Russia—with a greater stake in the success of the allies in this war

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CONSUL MAHIN CONFIRMS REPORT.

Washington, March 22.—American Consul Mahin, at Amsterdam, cabled the state department tonight that the American steamer Healdton, sunk by a submarine yesterday off Terschelling, Holland, was torpedoed without warning and that twenty of the crew were drowned.

The consul's dispatch follows: "Standard Oil ship Healdton, from Philadelphia for Rotterdam, cargo oil, torpedoed without warning at 8:15 on the evening of the 21st, 25 miles north of Terschelling, Holland. Twenty of the crew drowned. One died of injuries. Others (taken) to north of Holland. Submarine seen after torpedoing. More details to follow."

The sinking of the Healdton adds another grave chapter to the story of war waged against American shipping by Germany to be laid before congress by President Wilson at the special session he has called for April 2. It can cause no immediate change in the situation. Since the destruction of three American ships last Saturday and Sunday, administration officials have considered that a state of war existed, and it is to meet this situation that congress has been summoned to authorize steps beyond the arming of merchantmen.

The Healdton was unarmed, having left port before the president authorized the navy to furnish guns and gunners to merchantmen. Her fate serves

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Please Tell Others What You Know About BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION



Dollar Neckwear--

The equal of which has never been shown in this city.

Handsome plain color Silks, Moires, Crinkled Crepes, Bengelines, and Crepes with self-satin stripes of unusual beauty.

A wide variety of colors. Also fancy colors galore. Four-in-Hands, Bats.

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to heighten the profound interest with which the government and the public await the time when an American vessel, prepared and ready to send a shell into a hostile submarine on sight, will enter the war zone.

EIGHT OFFICERS ARE AMERICANS.

New York, March 22.—Eight of the officers and engineers of the Standard Oil steamship Hauldon are American citizens, an officer of the company said tonight at his home. He was unable to supply any further details.

The steamer Hauldon is a tanker of 4,480 tons gross, and is owned by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. She was built in 1908. The Hauldon was last reported sailed from Philadelphia January 26 for Rotterdam.

FOURTEEN MEN BELIEVED KILLED.

Amsterdam, March 22.—(Via London.) The American steamer Hauldon was torpedoed Wednesday evening, according to a Terschelling dispatch to The Telegraph. Three boats were launched, one of which contained eight men. One of the men, badly injured, was brought to Terschelling by a torpedo boat. One of the men died on the way. Nothing is known of the other boats.

It is believed that 14 men were killed by the explosion.

FIFTEEN MISSING FROM VIGILANCE.

New York, March 22.—Captain F. A. Middleton and twenty-seven members of the crew of the American steamship Vigilance, sunk March 18 by a German submarine, have started for home and will be landed at Portland, Maine, according to a cablegram received here today by Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, owners of the ship. The cable gave the names of fifteen members of the crew who are missing and believed to be lost. The Americans among them are: N. P. North, third mate, naturalized American, born in Denmark; F. Brown, carpenter, Newport News; Alas Rodriguez, Porto Rico; E. Lopez, mess boy, Porto Rico.

CALM, BUT HAGGARD, NICHOLAS ROMANOFF ARRIVES AT PALACE

London, March 22.—The former emperor of Russia, Nicholas Romanoff, has arrived at the Tsarskoe-Selo palace, says a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd. "Alighting from the train at Tsarskoe-Selo," says the correspondent, "Nicholas appeared calm, but was haggard. He wore the flowing uniform of the Sixth Kuban regiment of Cossacks and a black busby. Around his shoulders was a purple sash and he had a Cossack dagger in his belt. Pinned on the breast of the former monarch was the Order of St. George. Nicholas was accompanied by Prince Dolgoroff. "Nicholas was awakened while aboard his train at 9 o'clock Thursday morning and entered the dining salon about 10 o'clock. He invited his suite to have morning coffee with him and conversed with them for an hour. He then bade farewell to his suite and the servants, kissing all of them. The servants kissed him on the shoulder. Addressing those about him, Nicholas said: 'I thank you for your services. Farewell.'"

GERMAN EMBASSY GAVE SUM FOR BOMB FACTORY

Such Is Alleged Admission Read at Trial of Alleged Plotters.

New York, March 22.—An alleged admission that money for the establishment of a bomb factory in Hoboken, N. J., was furnished direct from officials of the German embassy at Washington was read today when the trials were begun here of six men charged with having attempted to create a reign of terror on the high seas by the use of a submarine.

The defendants are Captain Charles von Kiehl, a chemist, accused of having been engaged in the making of the bombs; Karl Schmidt, formerly chief engineer of the steamship Friedrich der Grosse; Ernst Becker, electrician; and Frederick Karbade, George Fraedel and Wilhelm Parades, assistant engineers of the submarine.

How the police trapped the alleged plotters, after bomb explosions in 1915 had destroyed vessels and cargoes worth upward of \$4,000,000, was related to the jury today by Henry Harth, a detective, who gained the confidence of Von Kiehl by representing himself as an agent of Wolf von Igell, said to have been head of the German spy system in this country. Von Igell was an attaché of the German embassy and returned to Germany with Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador.

The detective said he telephoned to Von Kiehl last April and told him he had been informed that Von Kiehl had been in contact with Count von Bernstorff.

"I told him he could only see Von Igell through me," declared Harth.

Harth said that he and Dr. Walter E. Scheele, also a chemist, were partners in the manufacture of fire bombs and dealt also in fertilizer as a blind.

"Scheele, Von Kiehl told me, had received \$10,000 from Captain von Pappen, of the German embassy, to finance the bomb making, but he was in need of more cash."

Deputy marshals brought into court a trunk full of bombs as exhibits against the defendants.

The plan is alleged to have been to put bombs either in the holds of vessels about to be attacked or to attach them to the rudders. Acids within the instruments were so arranged as to eat their way into the hulls of the ships after the ship was well out of port and cause an explosion. In this way, it is claimed, many ships were sunk.

The head of the alleged plotters was said to have been Dr. Scheele, who escaped arrest by flight to Mexico.

AMERICA RECOGNIZES NEW RUSS GOVERNMENT

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the most autocratic country in the world a modern government. Officials here confess the feeling and were especially enthusiastic about the personnel of the new government. Those members of the cabinet who are only highly patriotic and liberal minded, but also highly efficient to meet the colossal task of the new government.

There were indications, however, that for the present, particularly because news of the arrest of the former emperor, had created apprehension among some high officials, the United States would content itself with extending de facto recognition.

America's action is expected to encourage the men controlling the government. Russia's allies also are planning prompt recognition. British Ambassador Buchanan is expected to recognize the new government formally, just as soon as Italy and France so instruct their ambassadors at Petrograd.

New Credentials to Be Sent.

New credentials will be sent to Ambassador Francis shortly, as until now he has been personally accredited to Emperor Nicholas. Likewise, Ambassador Bakmeteff here will receive new credentials as representing not the emperor, but the new government.

Dispatches received from Petrograd today indicate that good order still is continuing and that more important factions, individuals and provinces, have gone over to the new government. Apparently cutting sections that were in doubt as to what to do have decided to cast their lot with the revolution, day that every day sees it nearing completion. Mention of socialist or working men's opposition is decreasing and it is thought that an agreement has been reached to remove at least the major difficulties and unite the country under the new government.

Army officials here intimate that so far as the Russian army is concerned, the overthrow of the government cannot but cause some confusion, though dispatches indicate that it has been remarkably small. Fortunately for the new leaders, this is a time of rains and swollen streams along practically the whole Russian front and it will not be possible for Germany to take great advantage of any Russian confusion for at least another month. Consequently, it is believed there will be time to effect a new coalition.

YOUNG GERMAN GIRL ACCUSES PRISONER

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referred to, was in Mobile. All three men called at local newspaper offices to get publicity about the "world hiker." Enden professed enmity to the former two, claiming he had married the woman referred to and that she had been forced to accompany the first two Germans. All showed autographs of prominent state and other officials from many states in the union.

Enden in Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, March 22.—A. D. V. Enden, whose name is mentioned in a dispatch from Atlanta as being suspected of connection with Valerian Johannes Pieczynski and Hugo Coutandin, held incommunicado on suspicion in Atlanta by federal authorities, arrived here this afternoon and denies any connection with the men held in Atlanta. He says that he met Pieczynski in San Diego, Cal., who was traveling with the woman whom Enden married four days later. Enden claims that he does not know Pieczynski except as a mere acquaintance whom he met in his travels over the continent. Enden claims to be a Hollander and in no way connected with the supposed Germans. Coutandin, he says, was introduced to him under another name.

As soon as he saw the story in the afternoon papers Enden went to the police headquarters and explained his position and was allowed to proceed.

HOLLWEG LEAVES BERLIN TO CONFER WITH KAISER

London, March 22.—The German chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam, left Berlin Wednesday for general headquarters to confer with Emperor William and Field Marshal von Hindenburg, chief of staff. In parliamentary circles it is considered that at this conference important questions relative to foreign politics will be discussed.

BERLIN SAYS FRANCE SANK OWN SUBMARINE

Berlin, March 22.—(Via Sayville.)—A French destroyer in the bay at Marseilles last month sank a submarine, believing it to be a German boat, says the Overseas News Agency (the official German news bureau). The official German news bureau says that it was a French submarine which was thus lost.

Britain Is Planning Drastic Food Rules; Problem Now Acute

London, March 22.—The food question is pressing daily with increasing stringency on the British public and, according to authoritative reports, a few days will see new and drastic steps on the part of the food controller, Lord Devonport, to meet the situation and prevent exploitation of the public by traders.

The controller announced in the house of lords today that, although voluntary rationing had brought about excellent results, much more in this direction was required; otherwise it might be necessary to resort to compulsory rationing, which would be a national calamity. He was very desirous of avoiding this, owing to the tremendous machinery needed. This machinery, however, was ready, he declared, if required and a great reduction in bread and sugar was still imperative. The controller also intended, he said, to introduce a strong measure to prevent the hoarding of food.

According to an unofficial report, the government intends to introduce two meatless and two potatoless days weekly in all restaurants and hotels and to forbid more than 5 ounces of uncooked meat to be served for each person.

With regard to hoarding, it is said that the police will be empowered to search private houses and if more than a fortnight's supply of sugar, on a basis of a weekly allowance of three-quarters of a pound per capita, is found, the persons so hoarding will be severely punished. Traders also would be prohibited, under penalties, from attempting to compel purchasers to buy other things before being supplied with sugar, potatoes and similar commodities, as this system has led to mischievous waste.

366 FRENCH VILLAGES WON FROM GERMANS

Paris, March 22.—The total amount of French territory liberated from the German invaders by the Somme offensive up to March 21 is 853 square miles, situated in the four departments of Pas-de-Calais, Oise, Aisne and Somme. It includes 366 towns and villages, the homes of 181,935 Frenchmen. The Germans are still in possession of 1,128 square miles of France.

Henri de Rothschild has given 100,000 francs for the relief of the inhabitants in the liberated sections of Picardy.

Dr. Henri de Rothschild is a grandson of Nathaniel Rothschild, the founder of the famous banking house. He is well known as a philanthropist and had taken a prominent part in the war against cancer.

Urges Big Indemnity.

Amsterdam, March 22.—(Via London.) President Havens of the Reichsbank, is quoted in a Berlin telegram as saying at a meeting held in support of the new war loan: "Only through victory can we attain that peace which will bring us what we need to bear the burden of the war, namely, a great war indemnity."

SEES PRUSSIA'S FALL IN RUSS REVOLUTION

The Revolt Has Been Russia's Greatest Service, Wires Lloyd-George.

London, March 22.—Premier David Lloyd-George today telegraphed to the Russian premier saying he believed the revolution in Russia was the greatest service the Russians had yet rendered to the allied cause, and that it was a sure promise that the Prussian military autocracy, the only barrier to peace, would soon be overthrown. The text of the telegram follows:

"It is with sentiments of the most profound satisfaction that the peoples of Great Britain and the British dominions have learned that their great ally, Russia, now stands with the nations which base their institutions upon responsible government."

"Much as we appreciate the loyal and steadfast co-operation which we have received from the late emperor and the armies of Russia during the past two and one-half years, yet I believe that the revolution, whereby the Russian people have based their destinies on a sure foundation of freedom, is the greatest service which they have yet made to the cause for which the allied peoples have been fighting since August, 1914. It reveals the fundamental truth that this war is at the bottom a struggle for the freedom of the world, and the principle of liberty, which is the only sure safeguard to peace in the world, has already won one resounding victory. It is a sure promise that the Russian military autocracy, which began the war and which still is the only barrier to peace, will itself before long be overthrown. Freedom is a condition of peace, and I do not doubt that as the result of the establishment of a stable constitutional government within their borders the Russian people will be strengthened in their resolve to prosecute this war until the last stronghold of tyranny on the continent of Europe is destroyed and free peoples in all lands can unite to secure for themselves and their children the blessings of fraternity and peace."

STERNBURG TO BE HELD.

Seen With Slain Woman on Afternoon of Murder.

New York, March 22.—Benjamin Sternberg was remanded to the Tombs prison for twenty-four hours today by Coroner Rordian to await a further examination upon the charge of having caused the death of Mrs. Elsie Lee Hilair at the Martinique hotel. He will be arraigned again tomorrow.

The affidavit charging Sternberg with the murder of Mrs. Hilair alleged that witnesses had been found who saw Sternberg leave a subway train at the Grand Central station on March 14 with a woman answering her description; that Sternberg had admitted to her that he was a Russian; that he met her by appointment on March 15 and rode with her from Brooklyn in the subway; although he previously denied it, and that the police possessed other evidence which could not be disclosed.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS CALLED FOR SATURDAY

Washington, March 22.—A caucus of republican representatives in congress Saturday night, March 31, was called today to discuss organization and legislative program. A democratic caucus was called yesterday for Friday morning, March 30. About half of the democrats notified Speaker Clark's office today they would be here on time.

HOWELLS CELEBRATES HIS 80TH BIRTHDAY

New York, March 22.—William Dean Howells celebrated his 80th birthday yesterday at Tryon, N. C., where he has been spending the winter, and was present last night at the National Arts club, where representatives of nearly all the literary organizations of the country met to do him honor. Messages of congratulation, numbering more than 100, including letters from President Taft, will be bound and presented to Mr. Howells.

LETTER ON GIRL'S BODY CAUSES YOUTH'S ARREST

Temple, Texas, March 22.—The body of Emma Staley, 37, a popular young girl of a farming community near Temple, was found in a badly decomposed condition in the Leon river near Belton yesterday evening. The body was not identified until today, and an hour later officers arrested Will Porter, 25, who lives near the Staley home. Indications were that the body had been in the water four or five days. The young girl's feet were bound tightly together with baling wire, and a veil wound tightly about her face and head also was bound with wire. A letter found on the body gave the first clue to identification, and it is said that statements therein led to Porter's arrest.

ARE YOUR EYES

As good as your memory? It is easy to look from the Present into the Past, with all its memories. Are you, in the Present, able to look up from near objects and, without changing glasses, see distant objects clearly? Jno. I. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, will make a test for you. 42 N. Broad St.—(adv.)

You'll Find It at

Kamper's

492-498 Peachtree Phone 5000

Order Today For Tomorrow!

Fresh Fish
 Fresh Trout, lb. - - - 20c
 Mackerel, lb. - - - 20c
 Shad is expected. If it comes:
 Large Roe Shad, each - - 71c

Crisco Sale
 \$1.75 Size CRISCO - - \$1.29
 With another order - - 3.00
 Total - - - \$4.29

Buy Flour NOW!
 Kamper's A-No. 1, 24 lbs. \$1.29
 Kamper's Best Pastry, 24 lbs. \$1.40
 Kamper's Club House, 24 lbs. - - - \$1.50

House Cleaning
 Special Combination Spring House Cleaning Sale:
 One 75c Kamper's Special Broom - - - 59c
 With another order for house cleaning necessities for - \$1.00
 Total - - - \$1.59

Corned Beef
 SPECIAL: Sugar Cured Corned Beef, Boiled, per lb. 17½c

Fresh Vegetables
 Irish Potatoes, per peck - - - 69c
 Burr Artichokes, each - - 20c
 Rhubarb, bunch - - - 10c
 Same, three bunches - - 25c
 Oyster Plant, bunch - - 15c
 Cucumbers, each 15c; 2 for 25c
 Bell Peppers, each - - - 5c

Come in the Store and Visit the Demonstrations

With the Salad **Block's** Saltines Made in Atlanta

LUCKY STRIKE

It's the real Burley cigarette

FOR the beginning of a perfect day no one has invented anything more encouraging than a slice of brown, crisp toast; buttered, piping hot—right from the glowing fire. It smells delicious, and tastes more so.

Toasting—that's the fine, simple idea we finally applied to produce the equally "appetizing" Lucky Strike Cigarette. The tobacco—it's toasted, to hold the flavor.

And what's more, it's the real Burley cigarette at last: you've all been wanting a ready-made cigarette from this "blame good" tobacco.

So here it is, ready for you: Lucky Strike—the real Burley cigarette, and the delicious flavor of toasted tobacco.

Our men will demonstrate to you how the tobacco is toasted—at many stores

LUCKY STRIKE

The real Burley Cigarette

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

20. For 10¢

If your dealer does not carry them, send \$1 for a carton of 10 packages to The American Tobacco Co., N.Y. City

LUCKY STRIKE

WESSON COOKING OIL
 TODAY Special 29¢

GRAHAM FLOUR
 SPECIAL TODAY 12 Lbs. 75¢

BLUE LABEL Family Size 19¢
Indian Hunter 11¢
GOODWIN'S PRESERVES 40c Jars, Special On Sale Today 25¢

HOME-AID COFFEE 18¢
GRAPE FRUIT 25¢
FRESH TOMATOES 20¢

BONNIE OATS 3 Pkgs. For 25¢
EGGS 27¢
RHUBARB 2 Cans For 35¢
YELLOW CLING PEACHES No. 2 Cans 23¢

FRESH CARROTS 10¢
FRESH PARSNIPS 10¢
Red Raspberries 37¢

CUT BEETS 12¢
PIE PEACHES 11¢
SELF-RISING FLOUR 2 1/2 Lbs. 25¢
CORN 6 Cans 75¢

J. M. HIGH CO

McLURE COMPANY

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY FOOD SPECIALS
 In Our Cafeteria Grocery Department

Maxwell House Coffee, 1-lb. cans 27¢
 Luzianne Coffee, 1-lb. tin cans 25¢
 Blue Ridge, Pure Coffee, in pkgs., lb. 18¢
 No. 2 Snowdrift Shortening 29¢
 No. 4 Flake White Lard 57¢
 Full Patent Flour, 12-lb. Sacks 60¢
 Grits, Hudson's, 3 lbs. 10¢
 California Black Eye Peas, 3 lbs. 25¢

No. 2 Tomatoes, can 11¢
 No. 3 Ohio Red Beets, can 10¢
 No. 3 Lye Hominy, can 10¢
 No. 2 Snow Drift Corn, 2 cans 25¢
 Bull Head Beans, with Tomato Sauce, can 10¢
 Evaporated Peaches, lb. 9¢
 Whole Head Rice, 4 lbs. 25¢
 Golden Egg Macaroni and Spaghetti, 1/2 and 1-lb. pkgs. 4¢ and 8¢
 Split Market Baskets 3¢
 Package Crackers 4¢ and 8¢

Constipation

is permanently corrected by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money back offer. Tastes fine; costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Atlanta Agents, Coursey & Munn Drugstore, Marietta and Broad Sts.

BOTH PHONES 1163
Call Us When Death Comes.
BOEY-HUNTER CO.,
Funeral Directors.

**DIRECTORS OF SPIES
SENT TO ATLANTA PEN**

Sander and Wunnenberg Pleaded Guilty to Sending Bacon to England.

New York, March 22.—Albert O. Sander and Charles N. Wunnenberg,

who pleaded guilty yesterday to a charge of having sent spies to England to gather information for Germany, today were sentenced to two years in the Atlanta penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$2,500 each.

Before Sander and Wunnenberg were sentenced Assistant United States Attorney John C. Knox informed Judge Van Fleet they were "mere tools" in the conspiracy and urged severe punishment as a warning to others. He asserted the defendants had sent George Vaux Bacon, an American newspaper man, to England to obtain information about "the location of anti-aircraft bases and the shore anchorage of a certain cable."

"By their actions they have cast the shadow of suspicion upon every honest American newspaper correspondent in England," Mr. Knox told the court. They sent their agents into a den of lions and it is only by the grace of the government of Great Britain that Bacon, the acknowledged spy, lives to tell the tale.

"For this work Bacon was advanced \$1,000 by Sander and Wunnenberg," Mr. Knox continued, "and was promised \$125 as weekly pay. He was also supplied with invisible ink, with which to write, under the guise of the trivial subjects, military intelligence and instructions to forward communications of that character to the German minister in Holland, who would see to it that they reached the proper authorities in Germany. Bacon was not the only spy sent out by Sander and Wunnenberg and several other newspaper men still abroad have not yet been indicted."

"The enterprise which these defendants started here was but another link in the series of willful, deliberate and premeditated violations of American laws intended to serve the purpose of Germany and by pleading guilty Sander and Wunnenberg have best served the German empire by preventing the exposure of the men behind them who planned the enterprise and furnished funds for its execution."

**KAISER'S COUSIN LOST
IN AIR RAID IN WEST**

Berlin, March 22.—(Via Sayville.)—Announcement is made that an airplane piloted by Prince Friedrich Karl, a cousin of Emperor William, has returned from a raid over the lines between Arras and Peronne.

**CONVICT IS PERMITTED
TO VISIT DYING WIFE**

New York, March 22.—The dying request of Mrs. Matilda Quinn in a hospital here to see her husband, John Quinn, served a sentence of seven years in Sing Sing prison for burglary, was granted today by Governor Whitman. In custody of a prison keeper Quinn was rushed in automobile from the Grand Central station to the hospital, where the woman eagerly awaited his arrival.

**VENUS
10¢ PENCIL**

VENUS is bought by all who want the best. 17 perfect black degrees, and 2 copying for every possible purpose.

Blue Band VELVET The Supreme 3c. PENCIL
American Lead Pencil Co., N. Y.

**GLORIOUS TRIBUTES
PAID FATHER RYAN**

Atlanta Chapter, U. D. C., Hears Interesting Address on Priest-Poet Delivered by Bishop Keiley.

Glorious tributes were paid to the memory of Father Ryan, beloved priest and one of the most admired southern poets, at yesterday's meeting of the Atlanta chapter, U. D. C., at the Woman's club, at which Bishop Benjamin J. Keiley, head of the diocese of Savannah of the Roman Catholic church, was the principal speaker. Every seat in the clubroom was taken for this occasion. Bishop Keiley, at the invitation of the president, Mrs. Stevens, came from Savannah especially for this occasion. The entire program being devoted to honoring the memory of Father Ryan, Bishop Keiley, having been a friend of Father Ryan, his address was especially touching and therefore more interesting to the audience.

Many beautiful tributes were paid Father Ryan and several of his poems were read by Father Keiley. Especially beautiful were the poems, "The Sword of Robert E. Lee" and "The Conquered Banner," which moved to tears the sympathetic audience.

Appreciation of Address.

At the conclusion of Bishop Keiley's address, Mrs. Stevens moved that the chapter rise in appreciation for Bishop Keiley's address. Mrs. Keiley, who spoke of having known Father Ryan many years ago, recalling to mind the "touch of a voice that is still."

A fitting close to Bishop Keiley's recital of the "Conquered Banner" was the song by Mrs. William C. King, whose contralto voice so suited the song as written by Lecho.

After the program a reception was tendered Bishop Keiley. Mrs. Stevens introducing the guest of honor.

Previous to the program a business session was held, at which reports were read from Mrs. Herbert N. Franklin, president of Georgia division, U. D. C., was read by Mrs. R. M. Jones.

Mrs. Franklin's letter was an expression of appreciation to Mrs. Stevens and the chapter for the courteous shown her during her recent visit to Atlanta.

New Members Received.

Mrs. John C. Henderson, registrar, presented names of four new members as follows:

Mrs. Albert H. Bailey, Mrs. William Riley Bean, Mrs. George Downs and Miss Irene M. Dyke.

Thomas Peters announced the date of the meeting of the History class Thursday, March 29, at 10:30 o'clock, at the Woman's club.

Mrs. Stafford Seidel, chairman of educational committee, reported that the concert at the governor's mansion netted \$90.

Mrs. W. S. Coleman made a brief report on scholarships.

Miss Sallie Melone, custodian of properties, announced that the walking stick, presented by Mr. A. C. Bruce to the Atlanta chapter, would be on exhibit next week in the window of C. & C. Rosenbaum's hat shop.

This cane was made of a shattered flag-staff and will be sent to Richmond, Va., to remain in the Georgia room for safe keeping until the archives of the Stone Mountain memorial shall have been completed, when it will be deposited there.

Mrs. A. McD. Wilson made a motion that the chapter ratify the action of the executive board in its decision to contribute to the purchase of the flag to be taken by the veterans on their last reunion trip to Washington. The motion carried.

Red Cross Work.

Mrs. Wilson offered a resolution recommending that the members of Atlanta chapter form circles to study preparedness courses and also on the instruction from the Red Cross society in view of the fact that war seems inevitable. The resolution was adopted.

Miss Elizabeth Hanna, state chairman of London libraries committee, made a fine talk on the work of her committee, outlining the work to be done. She spoke of the injustice that has been for fifty-six years and is still being done the south by the United States historians found in the history of Oxford university in London, which have been teaching for a half century false ideas of the south and her institutions.

Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. A. McD. Wilson and Miss Alice Buxton, members of the London libraries committee, spoke also on the importance of Miss Hanna's work, and a liberal amount was voted Miss Hanna to be used in her work.

Mr. Gary, commander-in-chief of John E. Gordon Camp, Sons of Veterans, was enthusiastically received by the Daughters when he spoke of his plans for the carnival parade which is to open the carnival on next Tuesday afternoon.

Refreshments were served by Mrs. Joseph Heard and Mrs. Allie Fudge.

**BIG MASS MEETING
DECLARES FOR WAR**

Continued From First Page.

against German militarism than the United States.

Battle of Democracy.

"Every American, every true American, should respond to the feeling that if we enter this war to do our part to bring about the victory that is so important to us, we shall be fighting over again the battle of the American democracy, the democracy of England, the democracy of France, the democracy of Italy and now, God be praised, the great democracy of Russia."

In opening his address, Dr. Hibben said:

"I am here tonight as a pacifist. I believe in peace at any price and the price at the present time is war. Continuing, he said:

"There is a time when the only peace that is worth fighting for is that peace of conscience, the consciousness that we as a people are not cowards, the consciousness that we have raised our voice and our power against great wrongs and great injustice and that is the peace that we are called on to fight for at the present time."

"Are we relying upon the faint and yet fond expectations that in some way the submarines will be driven by the British navy from under the seas and that the French line will strike through the German line into Germany before we are brought into any more danger? We have waited long enough. Now is the time for action."

"Are we, as Americans, degenerate? Has the manhood of our race run out? He was answered by cries of "No! Never!"

"Let us recognize our enemy. We have been a long time finding him out, but we know now. I hope that, the day will come when the Stars and Stripes will be seen somewhere along the Von Hindenburg line in France."

**BRITISH GOVERNMENT
TO BUILD 100 SHIPS**

London, March 22.—The government has announced the construction of one hundred standard mercantile ships in three sizes of 18,000, 8,000 and 3,000 tons, respectively, according to a statement made in the house of commons today.

**HOUSE OF DEPUTIES
TO MEET IN MEXICO**

El Paso, Texas, March 22.—Carlos Plank, a deputy from the state of Sonora arrived here today en route to Mexico City to attend the preliminary session of the Mexican house of deputies, which will assemble in Mexico City April 2. Eduardo Bravo, Mexican consul here, denied the meeting was an extraordinary session.

**SEVENTEENTH ARRIVES
IN ATLANTA SATURDAY**

Soldiers Were Expected Today, But Were Delayed in New Orleans.

Detained in New Orleans, the detachments of the Seventh United States Infantry, returning to Atlanta to guard the interned Germans to be brought to Fort McPherson, will not reach the city until tomorrow, according to a wire received yesterday by Major G. G. Winston, commanding officer at Fort McPherson.

The causes of the regiment's delay was not stated.

The soldiers are traveling over the Atlanta & West Point railroad, and will detain at Fort McPherson, the fort station.

It was stated at the fort by commanding officers Thursday that it was not known at what time the German prisoners would arrive, but that messages had been received from the war department at Washington urging that the work of installing the barbed wire barricade be expedited.

**4 G. O. P. CONGRESSMEN
ARE SERIOUSLY ILL**

Advantage With Democrats for House Control—Lee Out of Danger.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, March 22.—(Special.)—Representative Thomas M. Bell, of Georgia, democrat whip of the house, has wired all democratic members elected to the sixty-fifth congress to attend a caucus here on Friday, March 30, to make plans for organizing the house.

If the democrats are successful it will mean that Representative Adamson will retain the chairmanship of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce and Representative Park on accounts. The patronage that goes with control is also considerable.

The advantage now lies with the democrats. Each side has 214 members. The independents number five. Four republican members are seriously ill, namely, Osborne, of California; Cooper, of West Virginia; Hicks, of New York; and Hill, of Connecticut.

On the democratic side Representative Gordon Lee, of Georgia, is ill at his hotel here with pneumonia, but is improving, and Dr. George Ruffin, his physician, stated tonight that he was out of danger. Mrs. Lee and his brother, T. W. Lee, of Chickamauga, have been constantly at his bedside. Among his colleagues who are now in Washington and in official circles generally the deepest solicitude is felt for his recovery.

EMPRESS ZAUDITU SITS ON ABYSSINIAN THRONE

Washington, March 22.—Accession to the throne of Abyssinia by Empress Zauditu, succeeding Menelik II., was reported in a proclamation from Foreign Minister Caganzmatch Balaine (emer, dated Addis-Abeba, January 12, which today reached the state department.

German Airman Killed.

London, March 22.—Another of Germany's best military aviators, Fritz Manschott, has been killed in an air fight on the western front, according to a Berlin dispatch transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at The Hague.

**SITUATION TENSE
FOR THE RAILROADS,
SAYS PENNSY HEAD**

Washington, March 22.—Samuel Rea, president of the Pennsylvania railroad, told the interstate commerce commission today that the rising cost of all commodities had affected the railroads to such an extent that the situation was "tense," and that immediate relief should be given the roads, by higher freight rates, if they were to continue to render safe and efficient service.

Increased cost of all supplies, Mr. Rea said, was reflected in prices paid by the railroads for fuel, equipment and construction material. In addition to heavy pay rolls resulting from the Adamson law decision. Speaking for the chief bituminous coal-carrying roads of the east, he urged the commission to dispense with its usual suspension of proposed increases of from 2 to 15 cents per ton on coal from eastern fields to Atlantic and Great Lakes ports and to authorize the higher rates at once.

The proposal to increase rates on bituminous coal, he intimated, is the first step in a movement for a revision of freight rates generally, in order that the railroads may meet the increased cost of operation and yield a fair profit to holders of their securities.

Mr. Rea was spokesman for the president of the seven chief roads involved in the application to increase coal rates, including the New York Central, Baltimore and Ohio, Norfolk and Western, Chesapeake and Ohio, and Western Maryland. Proposed increases to New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore are 5 cents; to Hampton Roads and Newport News, 10 cents, and to Lake ports, 15 cents.

**MILITIA ENTRAINS
FOR RETURN HOME**

Georgia Regiments Ordered to Leave for Home Towns Before Midnight Thursday.

El Paso, Texas, March 22.—All national guard troops in this district except the Thirty-second Michigan infantry will be entrained and en route home by midnight tonight, it was announced at district headquarters today.

The First, Second and Fifth Georgia infantry regiments, together with brigade headquarters and the first squadron of Georgia cavalry, will leave.

Members of the seven chief roads involved in the application to increase coal rates, including the New York Central, Baltimore and Ohio, Norfolk and Western, Chesapeake and Ohio, and Western Maryland. Proposed increases to New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore are 5 cents; to Hampton Roads and Newport News, 10 cents, and to Lake ports, 15 cents.



Supreme Quality HAM

THE Morris Supreme Test insures uniform fineness in Supreme Hams. It has to do with every step in selection and curing. It insures the pick of young porkers, Government-inspected and approved—proper grading and trimming. It means frequent inspection during pickling and curing. It means the careful timing of operations to develop just the right flavor and tang—a cure that gives just a hint of pungent hickory smoke.

A juicy slice of Supreme Ham cut just right, sizzling with fresh Supreme Eggs. Try it tomorrow morning. But be sure you get Morris Supreme quality. There's a difference.

MORRIS & COMPANY

Chicago Kansas City St. Louis
E. St. Louis
Oklahoma City
St. Joseph
Omaha
J. E. Wirick, Mgr., Atlanta, Ga.

Clothes---Quality and the Price

CONFIDENCE in the house with which you deal was never so necessary as now.

The unnatural market conditions have placed this thought very forcibly before the buying public.

On account of these conditions and the high costs of materials, goods "at a price" have recently played a big part in merchandising, even to the extent of sacrificing quality.

Believing always---

that the permanence and stability of our business are dependent upon the amount of confidence people hold in our store, our merchandise and the men who sell our merchandise, we have striven with more insistent care than ever to hold fast this price-less asset.

You may buy here with the feeling of full confidence, for we are pressing forward and will ever press forward, the same merchandising standard inaugurated by this house more than a third of a century ago, and which has given it its unique position.

We invite you to a Spring gathering of Clothes, Shoes, Hats and Shirts that will attract your attention and enlist your co-operation.

While we believe that the name of any good house stands for more to the public it serves than any other name, we are pleased to announce the connection of that most worthy and well-known house--

Rogers, Peet & Co., New York

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

3--5--7
Whitehall

Chamberlin - Johnson - DuBose Co.

Atlanta

New York

Paris

**Hundreds and Hundreds of
Prettier Blouses**

At \$1.00 \$1.25 \$1.50 \$1.95 \$2.25

We wish every woman who is looking about nowadays for voile and batiste blouses for general wear would make it her business to see with her own eyes the many, many kinds we have collected to sell at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.95 and \$2.25.

We could do a great deal of warranting, we could say much about their daintiness, their novel style touches, about how genuinely pretty and fresh and attractive they are, but it wouldn't tell the story as a woman's eyes will see it.

Away back in January we made plans to do big things blouse-wise in March. And our plans have been accomplished, are being accomplished, almost every day.

And it's the merchandise that's doing it. But—have you profited? That's the point. Do you know how pretty the blouses are at these prices? Let us show you—

—the lacy styles (heavy laces)
—the embroidery trimmed styles
—the tailored styles
—the sports styles
—the new jabot effects

—the new square neck effects
—the new cuffs
—in all-white voiles, and batistes, in colored striped batistes in plain and figured madras

A Little Sale of Needed Notions

The quantities are small, which, taken with the fact that the prices are Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co. clearaway prices, means that it would be wise not to delay your visit.

10c Kohinoor Snaps, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4-0	3c	10c "Skidoo" Cleaner	5c
10c Hairpin Cabinets, black, assorted	5c	10c Cotton Tape, 12 assorted pieces, bundle	5c
10c Shoe Trees, pair	5c	\$1.50 Electric Candlesticks (no batteries)	25c
C.-J.-DuB. 25c Silver Cream Polish	13c	25c Sleeve Protectors, pair	10c
25c Poudre de Riz, all tints, box	10c	50c Pig Tail Braids, 12-yard bolts	10c
Vantine's 10c Oriental Soaps, cake	6c	50c Silk Braid, all colors, 1/2-in., 5-yard pieces	10c
\$1.25 Wizard Floor Mops	75c	10c Silk Braid, all colors, 1/2-in., 5-yard pieces	2c
\$1.00 Cans Oil	50c	10c White, Washable, Wringer-proof Buttons, doz.	2 1/2c
10c and 25c Favors, Ice Cups, etc.	5c		
\$5.00 Auto-Strop Razors	\$2.50		
Children's 50c Hose Supporters, shoulder style	10c		

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

GIRLS! WOMEN! TAKE CASCARETS IF CONSTIPATED

They live your liver and bowels and clear your complexion.

Don't stay headachy, bilious with breath bad and stomach sour.

Get a 10-cent box now. Tonight sure! Take Cascarets and enjoy the sweet, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Cascarets will live your liver and clean your thirty feet of bowels without griping. You will wake up feeling grand. Your head will be clear, breath right, tongue clean, stomach sweet, eyes bright, step elastic and complexion rosy—they're wonderful. Get a 10-cent box now at any drug store. Mothers can safely give a whole Cascaret to children any time when cross, feverish, bilious, tongue coated or constipated—they are harmless.—(adv.)

WHY CHILLY WEATHER BRINGS RHEUMATISM

Says skin pores are closed and uric acid remains in blood.

Rheumatism is no respecter of age, sex, color or rank. If not the most dangerous of human afflictions it is one of the most annoying. Those subject to rheumatism should eat less meat, dress as warmly as possible, avoid any undue exposure and, above all, drink lots of pure water.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid which is generated in the bowels and absorbed into the blood. It is the function of the kidneys to filter this acid from the blood and cast it out in the urine; the pores of the skin are also a means of freeing the blood of this impurity. In damp and chilly, cold weather the skin pores are closed, thus forcing the kidneys to do double work. They become weak and sluggish and fail to eliminate this uric acid which keeps accumulating and circulating through the system, eventually settling in the joints and muscles causing stiffness, soreness and pain called rheumatism.

At the first twinge of rheumatism get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts; put a tablespoonful in a glass of water and drink before breakfast each morning for a week. This is said to eliminate uric acid by stimulating the kidneys to normal action, thus ridding the blood of these impurities.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and is used with excellent results by thousands of folks who are subject to rheumatism. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink which overcomes uric acid and is beneficial to your kidneys as well.—(adv.)

HONOLULU
Sole Agent
The Dalziel-Wall
Bathings Apr. 2, Apr. 24, May 13,
May 21, 28, June 4, 11, 18, 25, 28,
O. S. & CO., Ltd., 17 Battery Road, S. E.
(Lines to Sydney, Australia, Pac. Tour, 1917-18, 1st Cl.)

ATTEMPT TO SETTLE IRISH DIFFICULTY

Government Will Again Try to Solve Home Rule Problem, Bonar Law Tells Commons.

London, March 22.—In the course of a debate in the house of commons tonight on a resolution offered by Sir James Henry Dail, liberal, urging the government to make another attempt to settle the Irish difficulty, Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announced that the government already had decided to make such an attempt.

The nationalists, considering that they had already stated their position, did not participate in the debate, which revealed a strong desire for a settlement on the part of all the unionist and liberal speakers, with the exception of Lord Hugh Cecil, who declined to believe that war-time was favorable to such an attempt.

The Dail resolution urged the government to take immediate steps to bring about a settlement of the Irish question. Sir James argued that Ireland was a weak spot in the great task before the country, and said he thought the government ought to appoint a commission to endeavor to reach a settlement of the home rule controversy. Great Britain had entered the war for a scrap of paper, he added, but he was unable to forget the existence of an Irish scrap of paper which was in danger of being lost.

It would be impossible for the government to persevere with its motion to extend the life of the present parliament, Sir James continued, if there was a solid body of opinion in the house of commons against them, and every day's delay was recruiting a supporter to the physical force party in Ireland.

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GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS EXPECTS ALLIES TO WIN

London, March 22.—A dispatch to the exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen gives the following statement made by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces in the Caucasus, at his headquarters in Tiflis, Transcaucasia:

"A return to the old regime is impossible, and I would never consent to such a retrograde step. I look forward to ultimate victory in the war, but a necessary condition in the intervals of internal peace, I am sure the government will be able to prevent anarchy, but only with the support of the people."

HEADS DEPARTMENT

of the committee of arrangements, has tendered boxes to the following ladies, each of whom will make up a party for the boxes:

Mrs. N. E. Harris, Mrs. W. L. Porey, State D. A. R. Mrs. Samuel L. Lumpkin, president Joseph Habersham chapter, Mrs. Nina Hornady, president Darters of 1812 chapter, Mrs. A. P. Wood, president Women's Relief corps, Mrs. Joseph Morgan, president Pioneer Women, Mrs. C. H. Hastings, Mrs. P. S. Arkwright, Mrs. J. E. Somers, Mrs. Spencer R. Atkins, president City Federation of Women's Clubs, Mrs. C. J. Haden, Mrs. Ivan E. Allen, Mrs. J. N. McSachern, president Atlanta Women's club, Miss Adrienne Batey, president Washington Seminary alumnae, Mrs. F. M. Farley, president Home for Old Women, Miss Helen Prior, president Atlanta Patriotic society, Mrs. W. S. Gar, president Churches Settlement Home for Girls, Mrs. P. H. Mott, president Every Saturday History class, Mrs. Victor Kriegerhaber, president women's board visitors public schools, Miss Isoline Campbell, president the Junior League, Mrs. W. N. Hudson, president Third Ward Civic club, Mrs. M. Robinson, president Atlanta Child's Home, Mrs. Floyd McKee, president Atlanta for Incubators, Mrs. Carl Karsten, president Atlanta Federation of Trades, Mrs. A. A. Talley, president Circle of Mystery, Mrs. Besant Mathews, Garden League, Mrs. W. W. Johnson, president Atlanta Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. R. P. Brooks, president Sedmont Confidant club, Mrs. Frank W. Joseph, president Atlanta Drama club, Mrs. Joseph Moody, chairman ladies' advisory board of Atlanta Humane society, Mrs. R. M. Walker, president Young Parents-Teachers' association, Mrs. B. D. Wilson, president Atlanta Dramatic club, Mrs. Charles Metz, president Decatur woman's club, Miss Nan Stephens, president Girls High School alumnae, Mrs. H. M. Cooney, president Home for the Friendless, Mrs. E. Lott, president Atlanta Young Women's club, Dr. Elizabeth Broach, president Atlanta Public Health club, Mrs. J. A. Jarman, president Atlanta Drama League, Mrs. Alex. King, president Nineteenth Century club, Mrs. Hugh M. Willet, president Tallulah Falls Industrial school, Mrs. R. J. Lowry, president Ladies auxiliary, Mrs. Joseph H. Haden, president Hopkins, president Friday Morning Reading club, Mrs. S. E. Haden, president Atlanta Memorial association, Mrs. C. W. Dickman, president Agnes Scott College alumnae, Mrs. V. H. Shearer, president William Owens, president Brenau College alumnae, Mrs. E. Lott, president Atlanta Art association, and Mrs. Jerome Jones.

GEORGE D. HALSEY.

HALSEY WILL HEAD VOCATIONAL BUREAU

New Manager Will Be Appointed to Take Charge of the Clearing House for Employment.

George D. Halsey was yesterday elected by the board of education director of the new bureau of educational research and vocational guidance which the board has been enabled to establish through the generosity of Cator Woolford.

The bureau will be opened on or about the first of May, at which time Mr. Halsey will take charge. Mr. Halsey has been manager of the Clearing House for Employment established by Mr. Woolford in the Chamber of Commerce building with the co-operation of the leading employers among the merchants of the city.

Having operated this bureau most successfully and built it up to a high point of efficiency generally recognized by business men, Mr. Halsey was again elected by the board as being well qualified to organize and put on a working basis the new school enterprise. The Clearing House for Employment will not be superseded, however, but will continue in operation under the direction of another man, whom Mr. Halsey will break in to the work between now and May 1.

In connection with the new bureau there will also be given to the pupils of the schools elementary instruction in scientific agriculture and home and school gardening. An expert will be selected by the board at a later date to take charge of this part of the work.

One of the main purposes of the new bureau is to obviate the loss of time in pupils coming from the public schools in getting settled down to the work for which they are most adapted. A study will be made of the aptitudes of the pupils and they will be in touch with employers. In that way the bureau is expected to do efficient service both for pupils and employers and soon prove itself an almost indispensable part of our educational system.

The bureau was first suggested by W. H. Terrell, member of the board of education from the first ward, and was recommended by the board of education, but owing to the city's lack of funds to put it in operation, it would have gone by default but for the offer of Mr. Woolford to donate \$6,000 annually for two years to get it started.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT WILL SPEAK TWICE TODAY

Continued From First Page.

duce Mr. Taft at this evening's meeting, and Ivan E. Allen, as president of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, deliver a short talk.

Arrangements for this banquet are in the hands of a committee composed of J. D. Robinson, W. H. Kiser and Jack Lewis.

The public is cordially invited to be present at the meeting Friday afternoon, there being no admission fee, nor will it be necessary to have a card of invitation.

A reception committee consisting of 150 leading men of Atlanta will meet ex-President Taft, the governor and the Georgia legislature at the Auditorium this afternoon at 6 o'clock, and a detail of 100 Boy Scouts in charge of Commissioner A. A. Jameson will act as ushers.

The leading educational institutions of Atlanta and suburbs will send large delegations. All interests in Atlanta will be represented, and the 60 boxes will be occupied by ladies.

The heads of all civic, commercial and religious organizations, as well as the presiding officers and chairmen of committees of the legislature, have been invited to seats on the stage.

High Schools to Attend.

The four high schools will meet at the Boys' High school at 3:30 and be prepared to march into the Auditorium at 3:30 o'clock. W. S. Cox announces that 100 students of Cox college will attend in a body. Colonel J. C. Woodward will bring 150 students from the Georgia Military academy, with their superb band.

The members of the chamber of commerce, the Rotary club, Ad. Men's club, Retail Merchants' association, Merchants and Manufacturers' association, Evangelical Ministers' association, members of all trade unions and their wives, as well as the citizens generally, are cordially invited to be present.

Dr. F. H. Gaines, president of Agnes Scott, and Llewellyn D. Scott, president of Washington Female seminary, will send large delegations.

The Georgia School of Technology will be represented by a large proportion of the faculty and the student body. Emory university, Oglethorpe university and the Atlanta Medical college are especially invited with their faculties and students.

The gallery on the south side has been reserved for the colored people, and they are cordially invited to be present.

Boxes Are Tendered.

President Ivan E. Allen, of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, in behalf

membership on the committee and attend its first meeting April 2.

Navy Work Is Rushed.

Additional efforts to stimulate recruiting for the navy were launched during the day. The response to the recruiting service during the last few months has been the best on record, but Secretary Daniels is determined to fill up promptly to the full authorized strength of 74,800 men.

Word was received that every ship-building plant capable of building destroyers would be represented at the department Saturday when a great number of building orders will be placed. The department plans to build to the full capacity of the yards, and the number of destroyers to be ordered, can be determined only when that capacity is known. A standard type boat, the 38-knot vessel designed last year, will be ordered to hasten construction.

The newly-created compensation board of the navy will discuss details of the destroyer orders with the builders and determine the steps to be taken. The board also will hold its first conference Saturday with the builders regarding awarded contracts for battle cruisers.

The department is receiving an encouraging number of communications from sailors saying they will present themselves for service in the navy. Most of these men have not entered any branch of the naval reserve because they have married and do not want to be called to the colors for any but an actual war emergency.

The only army order given out today was the recall of the Twenty-second infantry from the border, assigned to Governor's Island, New York. The regiment is destined to be used in connection with spring training camp work and a regiment also will be sent to the central post at Camp Lejeune, North Carolina, for that purpose.

The Twenty-second has been under canvas practically continuously since early in 1911, when it was called out for border service.

WAR PREPARATIONS OCCUPY ATTENTION

Continued From First Page.

In Berlin Wednesday was that Germany would declare war against the United States in 48 hours. It is stated, however, that the German imperial chancellor left Berlin that day for general headquarters for a conference with Emperor William and Field Marshal von Hindenburg on important questions concerning foreign policy.

During the ten days that must elapse before congress assemblies in response to his call, President Wilson will give close personal attention to the preparations going forward toward the war and navy departments. He saw no callers today, but was in touch with both of the departments. One of the duties he performed was the signing of formal proclamation suspending the eight-hour law as applied to plants engaged on naval work, a step authorized by congress as a part of the general plans for speeding up construction.

Secretary Baker as chairman of the council of national defense, today called the council and its advisory committee of heads of great industrial concerns to meet here Saturday to discuss how much more work is necessary to put the country in a state of adequate preparedness for defense. The council already has accomplished wonderful results toward the mobilization of all the nation's resources, and these will be surveyed at Saturday's meeting.

Samuel Gompers, as chairman of the council's committee on labor, issued invitations to a large number of workmen, employers and scientists to accept

neighborhood of the Ferryman's House was shelled by the Belgian artillery."

GERMAN RESISTANCE IS INCREASING.

London, March 22.—"The enemy's resistance is increasing along our whole front from west of St. Quentin to south of Arras," says the official report from British headquarters in France tonight. "The enemy showed signs of the beginning of a breakdown in the military efficiency of the Russian army."

"We carried out a successful raid yesterday afternoon in the direction of the enemy's positions. The enemy endeavored to counter attack across an open, and suffered severe casualties. A small hostile party succeeded in entering our trenches early this morning north of Ypres. The raiders were driven off by our men after sharp fighting. Another hostile raiding party was dispersed by our machine gun fire southwest of Ypres."

"Our airplanes were active again yesterday in the area of the enemy's withdrawal. Much valuable reconnaissance work was carried out. One German machine was brought down behind our lines."

GERMANS END RETREAT AND OFFER BATTLE

Continued From First Page.

"Northwest of Brody (Galicia), after artillery preparation, the enemy attacked our positions in the region of Baldu. After a stubborn battle, he was driven back to his trenches."

"On the remainder of the front rifle firing and patrol encounters are proceeding."

"According to information obtained from an officer who was taken prisoner, the Germans are hoping that the recent events in Russia will be the beginning of a breakdown in the military efficiency of the Russian army."

"Human Front: In the direction of Peshawar the enemy is displaying intense aerial and artillery activity. On the rest of this front there was reciprocal firing."

"Caucasian Front: In the direction of Djavan and Bagdad pursuit of the enemy continues. On the rest of the

Western Front: Between Lens and Arras, after lively artillery fire, engagements occurred between reconnoitering detachments."

"In the district on both sides of the Somme and the Oise clashes between advanced detachments had an issue fa-

FRENCH REPULSED, GERMANS ASSERT.

Berlin, March 22.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—Spirited fighting in the sector over which the Germans have been retreating is reported in today's official communication, which mentions no further evacuation of territory.

French battalions attacking on the north bank of the Aisne were repulsed."

The German official statement today reads:

"In the district on both sides of the Somme and the Oise clashes between advanced detachments had an issue fa-

vorable to us. Near Chivres and Misy, on the north bank of the Aisne, French battalions were repulsed."

"On the left bank of the Meuse (Verdun region) a hostile attack which was in preparation was held down by our fire on the hostile trenches."

"From advances into the French lines on the Aisne-Marne canal, northeast of Verdun, near St. Mihiel and on the west slope of the Vosges and in the plain and valley, storming detachments brought back forty prisoners."

"Three hostile airplanes were shot down."

"An airplane directed by Prince Friedrich, Karl of Prussia, has not returned from a raid over the hostile lines between Arras and Arras."

"Front of Prince Leopold: Near the Beresina river east of Lida German thrusting detachments advanced on a front of four kilometers beyond the first Russian trenches and as far as the second position. They destroyed two defensive establishments and returned with 225 prisoners, two revolving cannon, six machine guns and fourteen mine throwers."

"Front of Archduke Joseph and Field Marshal von Mackensen: Military activity has been revived."

"Macedonian Front: The heights captured north of Monastir on March 20 by our troops were subjected yesterday to strong French attacks, all of which failed. Minor attacks in the strip of land between the lakes resulted in similar failure."

Tonight's supplementary statement says:

"Aside from minor engagements between the Somme and the Aisne there were no important events reported."

GERMANS LAUNCH ATTACK IN EAST.

Petrograd, March 22.—(Via London.)

A vigorous German attack was made yesterday on the Russian front in the direction of Lida, near the Beresina river. The central Russian army, which the Germans gained considerable ground, although later part of this territory was recovered."

The Russian official statement today follows:

"In the direction of Lida, on the River Beresina, in the region of Saborozna and Potashina, the enemy, after a bombardment of long duration, attacked our positions and occupied them. By our counter attack he was driven out of Potashina. The other part of the positions remains in his hands."

"Northwest of Brody (Galicia), after artillery preparation, the enemy attacked our positions in the region of Baldu. After a stubborn battle, he was driven back to his trenches."

"On the remainder of the front rifle firing and patrol encounters are proceeding."

"According to information obtained from an officer who was taken prisoner, the Germans are hoping that the recent events in Russia will be the beginning of a breakdown in the military efficiency of the Russian army."

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THOUSANDS ATTEND FUNERAL OF OVERTON

Birmingham, Ala., March 22.—Banked with many elaborate floral tributes from friends and relatives, in the presence of thousands of citizens, while a light rain fell, the casket which bore the body of David D. Overton, whose life came to a dramatic close here Tuesday night in a battle with possession, was lowered to the grave in the Overton family plot in Huntsville late this afternoon. This ended the history of a man whose activities ultimately involved the violent deaths of six men within a year.

In June 1916, Overton killed Probate Judge W. T. Lawler, his political rival, and the killing of the jurist was followed by the suicides of Shelby Pleasant, a Huntsville attorney, and Sheriff Robert Phillips of Madison county, who believed they were suspected in connection with Lawler's death. Overton was arrested, tried and sentenced to death for the jurist's murder and an appeal for a new trial was pending in the supreme court when, with six other prisoners, he made his sensational escape Tuesday morning from the Jefferson county jail here. In the flight with possession the same day his own career was ended and two co-fugitives lost their lives.

Today a posse of deputies scoured the district around Overton's college, where Tuesday's battle occurred, looking for four prisoners who escaped with Overton. The search was when the skirmish with the posmen began.

GERMANS ATTACKING ON RUMANIAN FRONT.

Berlin, March 22.—(Via Sayville.)—A revival of activity on the Rumanian front is reported today by the war office. On the Russian front, east of Lida, German detachments advanced to the second Russian trenches over a front of four kilometers (two and a half miles) and captured more than 200 Russians.

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Drink or Drugs

DESTROY MANHOOD. The Neal-Treatment ANTIDOTES and eliminates the poison REMOVES THE CAUSE, overcomes the diseased condition, and by the use of tonics and building medicines soon restores mental and PHYSICAL MANHOOD. (No Hyoscine used.) For full information address NEAL INSTITUTE (Successor Ga. Keeley), Dr. J. H. Conway, ten years with the "Keeley" physician in charge, 229 Woodward avenue, Atlanta, Ga. 60 Neal Institutes in Principal Cities.

We make no extra charge for calls at East Point, College Park, Hapeville or Decatur.

RODIN-HUNTER CO., Funeral Directors

\$15 SUITS

All this gyrating you hear about the high cost of clothing has not yet been felt in the suits you buy of us at Fifteen Dollars. For another season we may whistle another tune, but these suits, mind you, are the same good quality you have always bought of us at that price. One price only—no more, no less.

HOWELL CLOUD
12 Edgewood Ave.—just to the rear of Nunnally's

KING HARDWARE CO. 6 Stores in Atlanta KING HARDWARE CO.

CUT PRICES on Golf Goods!! CLUBS--BALLS--CADDY BAGS

We are celebrating the opening of the golfing and out-of-door sport season generally, by inaugurating a big ten-day price cutting sale on "GOLFERS' GOODS."

This sale will positively terminate on April 1, and you'd better cut this ad out and come along and lay in your supplies for the season while this big sale is on.

KING BEE Made in floaters only, full size Regular price \$6 dozen; now \$4.00 dozen.	DIAMOND DEUCE Small size, sinks, 2 blue spots. Regular price \$9 dozen; now \$5.50 dozen.	DIAMOND ACE Small size, sinks, green spot or blue spot. Regular price, \$9 dozen; now \$5.50 dozen.
QUEEN BEE Made in sinkers only, small size. Regular price \$8 dozen; now \$4.00 dozen.	DIAMOND RING Medium size sinkers (blue), full size floaters (red). Price, \$9 dozen; now \$5.50 dozen.	DIAMOND TREY Full size, floats, red spot; full size, sinks, orange spot. Regular price, \$9 dozen; now \$5.50 dozen.

We carry a complete line of the celebrated BURKE Clubs. We are the South's acknowledged leaders in Sporting Goods. Everything for the Golfer—Man, Woman or Child.

Big "Cuts" on Clubs Sale Positively Terminates April First

Iron Clubs—Regular \$2.50 values. Special 10-day Sale Price	\$1.85
Wood Clubs—Regular \$3.00 values. Special 10-day Sale Price	\$2.15

Caddy Play Ball!! Bags

The sun is coaxing the Baseball fan from his winter "Play Ball" will shortly be heard in the land. We are prepared to completely equip the amateur or the professional—the individual or a whole team:

Official League Baseballs	\$1.25
Other Baseballs	10c to \$1.00
Bats	10c to \$1.50
Protectors	\$1.00 to \$10.00
Shoes	\$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00
Sliding Pads	50c to \$1.00
Stockings	50c to \$1.00
Score Books	25c, 50c, \$1.00
Scoring Tablets	50c
Bat Bags	\$1.00 to \$3.50

KING HARDWARE CO. 53 Peachtree St.

Style---

ADLER Clothes contemplate more than the word style ordinarily conveys. There is more to the clothes than a mere veneer of appearance.

Style in Adler Clothes envelops a broader field of clothes service—it extends far beyond the zone in which ready-mades belong.

The high lights in modeling, unique texture weaving and refined pattern—designing places these garments on a pedestal where discerning men point to them as examples of real art.

And, there is the tailoring—a superb accomplishment by master craftsmen, who sew their very souls into the seams of the garments.

The co-ordination of these vital essentials represent a degree of excellence which have no compeers in the land of Dixie.

Ready for service—absolutely ready-to-wear.

\$25 \$30 \$35

B. C. Adler

Exclusive Agents
DUNLAP HATS

113 Peachtree

WAR IS INEVITABLE, SAYS HOKE SMITH

Georgia Senator Believes United States Will Enter Conflict on Great Scale. Predicts German Republic.

Atlanta Ad Men and Retail Merchants passed patriotic resolutions at their monthly luncheon at the Ansley hotel yesterday, in which they called upon every religious and educational institution, every business firm or public corporation and private homes in Atlanta to hang out American flags. A resolution was also passed "backing President Wilson" in the German crisis.

Senator Hoke Smith, who was the speaker of the day, declared that war with Germany was inevitable. He said that the United States was better prepared for war than many had been led

to believe. He said our submarine chasers would sweep the war zone of European waters in search of German submarines, and that it would be easy to raise money here to finance the allies in their war against the Teutons. He asserted a big army would be raised here.

Predicts German Republic.

He predicted that at the close of the war, in event the United States entered the conflict, that a great democracy would be established not only in Russia, but in Germany, and that the Kaiser would be a thing of the past.

His speech was greeted with loud applause. The meeting opened by the 212 Ad Men and merchants rising in their seats and singing "The Star Spangled Banner." At the close of Senator Smith's speech "My Country, 'Tis of Thee" was sung while the banqueters waved American flags.

The banquet hall of the Ansley was profusely decorated with American flags and colors. After Ivan Allen, president of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, and Colonel Frederic J. Paxson had introduced the patriotic resolutions, Senator Smith was introduced by President P. C. McDuffie, of the Ad Men's club.

Address of Senator Smith.

The senator's address was in part as follows: "War with Germany is inevitable, but it will not be against the German people. The people of America for the most part love and respect the German people. War will be against the German Kaiser and his system of ruthlessness. This is a time for no half-hearted measures by our government, but firm steps must be taken.

In case of war our submarine chasers will sweep the war zones of European waters, and we can easily raise one billion dollars, or more if necessary, to finance the allies on land. Our industrial resources will be utilized in making scores and scores of submarine chasers, submarines, aircraft, and ammunition for the allies, and in defense of our own coasts. Germany has committed ruthless acts, and only quick redress by Germany can stop the outbreak of war. Within thirty days I expect that both governments make admissions that a state of war exists between them. This state of war actually exists at the present moment.

"I am glad that American forces can join hands not with those of the Russian czar, but with a free Russian people. I expect to see a German democracy at the close of hostilities, and when these great nations of the world, with the United States, have set up democracies there will be everlasting peace, for democracies will find other ways of settling their difficulties than by bloodshed and the horrors of war."

Miss Rutherford to Speak.

Eastman, Ga., March 22.—(Special).—Miss Mildred Rutherford, one of the south's most gifted women, and historian for the Georgia U. D. C., will give one of her lectures on the war of the sixties at the court house in Eastman on Friday night.

BAPTIST CANVASS WILL OPEN APRIL 3

Donation to Fund of \$5,000 by Walter W. Brooks Announced by Dr. Henry A. Porter Thursday.

Beginning April 3, the Baptists of Atlanta will open a whirlwind campaign to raise the \$100,000 needed to pay the purchase price of the Georgia Baptist hospital. The campaign will last one week, and before the end of the time they expect to have the entire amount lined up.

The \$100,000 that Atlanta Baptists are asked to contribute is part of the \$500,000 that will be raised all over the state to pay on the indebtedness of Baptist institutions.

As a preliminary step to the campaign the Baptist women of Atlanta will hold a rally Tuesday, March 27, at the First Baptist church. Mrs. Sam P. Jones, president of the women's auxiliary of the hospital association, will preside. Dr. Henry A. Porter and other prominent Baptist workers in the city will be the speakers. It is planned to have 3,000 Baptist women attend this gathering.

Thursday afternoon Dr. Porter, who is actively in charge of the campaign, announced another \$5,000 donation to the fund. This was subscribed by Walter W. Brooks, 1540 Peachtree street. This, with another donation of \$5,000 announced last week, brings the total to date to \$10,000. In addition to this, \$10,000 has been subscribed toward erecting a new hospital building. In order to facilitate the work of raising the \$100,000, the committee of 21 first appointed has been enlarged to 100 members. This committee will meet daily during the campaign at lunch at a downtown hotel. They will make their canvass in pairs, and make daily reports at the meetings. W. W. Orr is secretary of the committee of 21 and will probably be elected to the same position on the larger committee.

STATE CHAMBER GIVES ADVICE TO FARMERS

The State Chamber of Commerce is sending out a very interesting and instructive letter, concerning the prospects of the Georgia farmer for the coming year, to various banks throughout the state, who, in turn, are mailing them to their farmer customers.

The message warns the farmer against an overproduction of cotton, and urges a greater cultivation of grain and the raising of more cattle, not only for personal use, but for market. It cites how disastrously the cotton market was struck by the European war, and predicts that in case of war with Germany the cotton market will decline rapidly.

Thursday there were mailed by request 250 copies to the Shadburn Bank company, Buford, Ga.; 500 to the Bartow bank, Bartow, Ga.; and 250 to the Bank of Parrot, Parrot, Ga.

BATTLEFIELD RELICS DISPLAYED AT JACOBS'

An interesting display of German war relics is being exhibited in the center window of the Jacobs main store on Marietta street by Mr. Walden, who is in Atlanta at the present time and who served for fourteen months as a member of the American ambulance corps on the German front during the battle of Verdun from beginning to end and picked most of this collection up on the battlefield. In the exhibition are German gas masks, German and French helmets, hand grenades, trench torches, exploded shells, French and German uniforms and many other interesting things.

STRIKING LINEMAN DECLARED GUILTY

After Being Out for Several Hours, Jury Finds Against W. J. Foster and Recommends Mercy.

A verdict of guilty, with recommendation to the mercy of the court, was returned late yesterday afternoon by the jury in the trial of W. J. Foster, the striking lineman accused of subornation of perjury.

The jury had been out three hours and thirty minutes, having gone into deliberation at 3 o'clock. Judge Hill will pronounce sentence this morning.

The Foster trial lasted three days. He was indicted by the grand jury on a charge of having aided in manufacturing evidence in the effort to acquit L. E. Dodgen, the striking lineman who was sentenced to eight years, on trolley-car dynamiting charges.

At the same time W. M. Pollard, the leading figure in the trolley car strike attempt, together with others of his associates, were indicted, and will also be tried soon.

Dodgen, the convicted dynamiter, took the stand during the trial, stating that Pollard had visited him in jail before his trial, suggesting perjured evidence in effort to establish an alibi.

Empire Auto Company Will Probably Open Branch House Here

For the purpose of perfecting arrangements for representation of the Empire line in the southeastern states, E. Z. Jones, district manager in the southeastern Atlantic and Gulf states for the Empire Automobile company of Indianapolis, has been in the city for several days.

Mr. Jones has two plans in mind, either of which will make Atlanta an important distributing point for the Empire line. He may secure a large distributor for this territory or, what is more likely, may establish practically a factory branch here. At all events, Mr. Jones declares that the very best representation and the very best service will be maintained in Atlanta, and that Empire parts and a full and complete line of Empire models will be carried here.

The Empire company manufactures a four-cylinder car, with two body styles—five-passenger touring car and two-passenger speedster, both equipped with Teator motor. They also build a six-cylinder in either four, five or seven passenger models on same chassis, in which Continental motors are used. The Empire company has been making automobiles for eight years, and occupies a prominent place in the auto manufacturing world. The establishment of a distributor or a factory branch here will be an important addition to Atlanta's auto industry.

MAX WARDALL TO SPEAK ON SOCIOLOGY TONIGHT

Tonight at 8 o'clock Max Wardall, of Seattle, lawyer, editor and student of sociology, will lecture at convention hall, Ansley hotel. Mr. Wardall was acting mayor of Seattle in 1910 and president of the city council when that city underwent a cleansing process. The lecturer speaks under the auspices of the Atlanta branch of the Theosophical society, of which he is national lecturer.



NEVER CONFUSE "GENERAL RUN"
SIMILAR-PRICED CLOTHES WITH

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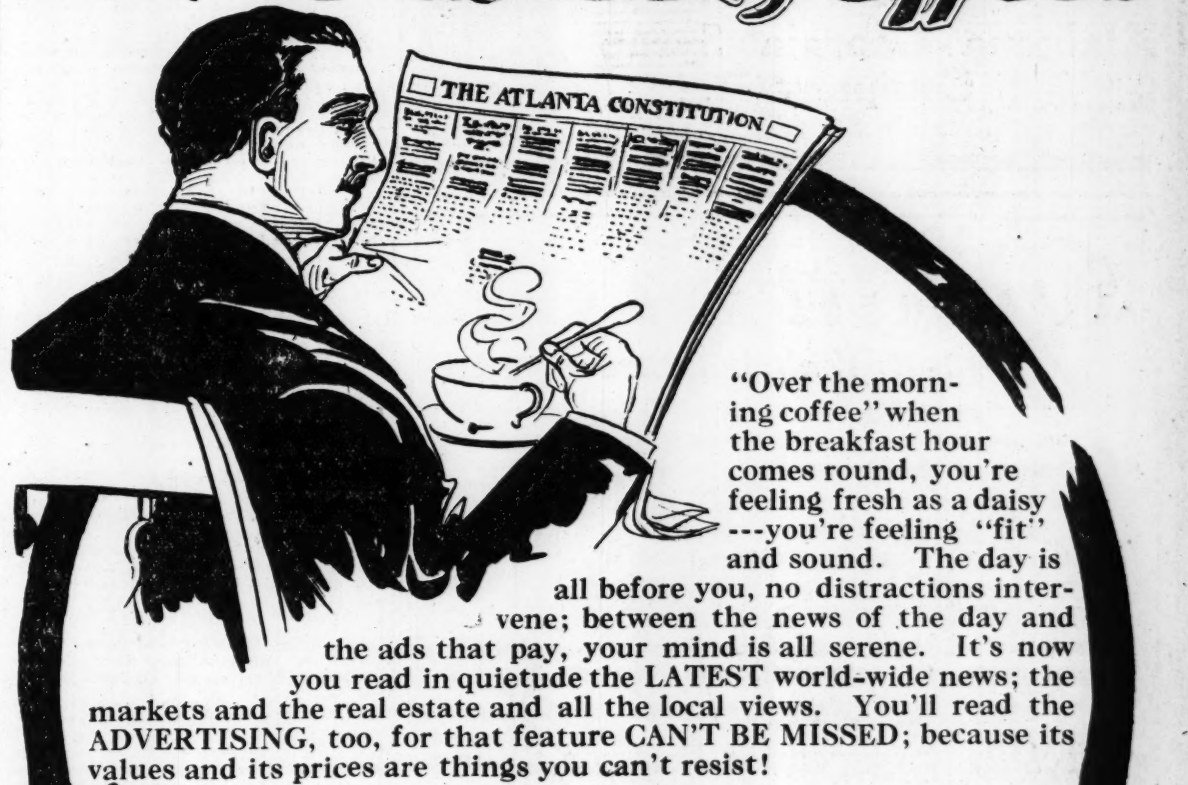
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We Would Rather Show You the Difference Than Tell of It

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO MAIL ORDERS



Over the morning Coffee!!



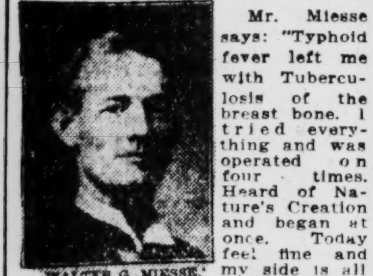
"Over the morning coffee" when the breakfast hour comes round, you're feeling fresh as a daisy ---you're feeling "fit" and sound. The day is

all before you, no distractions intervene; between the news of the day and the ads that pay, your mind is all serene. It's now you read in quietude the LATEST world-wide news; the markets and the real estate and all the local views. You'll read the ADVERTISING, too, for that feature CAN'T BE MISSED; because its values and its prices are things you can't resist!

Moral:

Advertisers have established their faith in the morning paper. That's obvious. Their constant patronage, and the volume of copy they carry in The Constitution argues this fact to a finish. They advertise in The Constitution---BECAUSE IT PAYS THEM TO DO SO---A dollars and cents decision that confirms the advantages of getting to the reader FIRST.

Engineer Had Tubercular Bones



WALTER G. MIESSE.

Call or Write Home Office for FREE—Booklet—TRUTH.

NATURE'S CREATION

308 Cent. Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Columbus, Ohio.

NOT Sold in DRUG STORES



Atlanta, 2 1/2 in.
Whitby, 1 1/2 in.

ARROW COLLARS

The exquisite finish given by the domestic laundry which is found in Arrow Collars is made possible by the evenness and fineness of the fabric

2 for 30 cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & Co., Inc., TRAY, N. Y.

THE Newest Ideas in Coats for all Spring Occasions are shown in a wonderful variety of styles at:

\$10.50, \$12.50,
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SHIRTTWAISTS in many New and Individual stylings, are shown in all wanted materials and colorings at:

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The Supremacy of J. M. High Company

\$25.00 Suits for Spring

--is Convincingly Exemplified in the Following Fact:

A Certain Retail Store, of National Repute, on Fifth Ave., New York,---is "Specializing"---So they say---On a Suit Model We Sell "Regularly" at \$25.00.---That Firm's "Special" Price For the Model in Question---is \$29.50.

GRASP the Full Import of the above statement. The store in question is a store many, many times larger than the J. M. High company store, and much better equipped to buy their merchandise at lower prices than we can buy ours. Yet, here is bona-fide evidence of a Direct saving of \$4.50, on the most popular price-range of Suits sold by Any store, and in comparison with a store which "should" under-quote HIGH'S, at all times.

---Isn't this convincing proof of the "buying power" of the J. M. High company Organization?

---Isn't this Ample demonstration of the worthiness of J. M. High Company \$25.00 Suits? We think so, and believe so thoroughly in the Evidence above as to make bold to assert:

J. M. High Company \$25.00 Suits, are Superior to Any \$25.00 Suits in Atlanta

—Superior in point of Style, —Quality of materials used, and in —Workmanship, and —Variety of selection.

—There are Suits here in styles to please all tastes, in all of the most-wanted colorings; —of the most popular materials, and in sizes for Misses, Juniors, and Women. Including a Splendid selection of "Stout" Suits for Large Women.

J. M. HIGH CO.

J. M. HIGH CO.

SOCIETY

Capital City Club.

At the dinner-dance at the Capital City club Wednesday evening, a delightful occasion, the following guests were present:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Nunnally, Mr. and Mrs. H. Clay Moore, Mr. and Mrs. A. Redding, Mr. Karl Lewis, Mr. William Perry, Miss Dottie Cude, Mr. David Henry Kirkland, Mr. Charles W. Outlaw, Mr. James M. Parrott, Mr. T. J. Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Markham, Mr. S. R. Bridges, Mr. Ernest Otley, Senator P. R. Turner, Mr. Charles D. Atkinson, Miss Helen Fenderson, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Krenan, Mr. J. J. Chambers, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Billups, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smaw, Miss Gladys Byrd, Mr. E. V. Haynes, Mr. Norman Coudelle, Mr. Madison Bell,

Mr. Charles Bell, Mr. Winter Aitken, Miss Natalie Farrow, Miss Mary Murphy, Senator and Mrs. Burwell, Mrs. Garder, Mr. Peacock, Miss Marie Dinkins, Miss Janet Hatcher, Mr. Julian Robinson, Mr. Edgar Tompkins, Mr. John Hightower, Jr., Mr. Judson McLendon, Mr. A. S. Priddy, Mr. Ben Daniel, Mr. D. B. Buland, Mr. Francis W. Clarke, Mr. Ben Lumpkin, Mr. H. W. Lyon, Mr. Charles Cox, Dr. Monague Boyd, Mr. Harvey Hill, Dr. Charles F. Hodges, Miss Lois Ellis, Mr. Harry Lee Harvey, Mr. Julius Jennings, Mr. Gabriel Solomon, Mr. Marlon VanDyke, Mr. James Moore, Mr. Lawrence Foreman, Mr. Langdon Quinn, Mr. Harry Thompson.

To Mrs. Gordon-Smith.

At the luncheon to be given Saturday by Mrs. John M. Slaton in compliment

to Mrs. Frances Gordon-Smith, the guests will be:

Mrs. Howard, Mrs. Daniel B. Harris, Mrs. Francis C. Block, Mrs. Albert Harris, Mrs. John B. Harris, Mrs. S. W. Foster, Mrs. James E. Hickey, Mrs. William F. Shallenberger, Mrs. W. D. Grant.

Club Entertained.

Mrs. W. D. Coogee was a charming hostess to members of the club on Wednesday afternoon at her home in the Talulah apartments.

Mrs. McClure made top score and was given a shamrock plaque. Mrs. T. J. Deadyler cut consolation, which was a boudoir cap. The hostess was given a piece of white and gold china. Mrs. Coogee was assisted in entertaining by her mother, Mrs. L. Wallace, and by Mrs. J. T. Selman. The guests were:

Mrs. W. S. Sims, Mrs. J. O. Stone, Mrs. Dr. J. S. Wilson, Mrs. T. J. Deadyler, Mrs. Dr. O. Sturdivant, Mrs. McClure, Mrs. Hinton, Mrs. M. E. Wright, Mrs. J. T. Selman, Mrs. S. L. Wallace, Miss Jessie Milner, Mrs. Elise Chosewood, Mrs. J. T. Selman. The club will meet next with Miss Elise Chosewood at her home, 34 Concedate avenue.

Mr. Wilson Entertains.

On Saturday night, March 17, at his beautiful country home near Jonesboro, Mr. Martin Wilson entertained at dinner in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Steve Carns, whose marriage was a recent event.

The centerpiece of the table was a big letter C made of jonquils, with a tall vase in the middle of the letter which held the same flowers. Invited to meet Mr. Wilson's guests of honor were:

Rev. and Mrs. Will Deberdelehen, of Jonesboro; Mr. and Mrs. Steve Carns, of Atlanta; Mr. Will Barry, Mr. John Wilson, Miss Maggie Hope, Miss Leslie Davis, Mrs. Mary Robinson and Miss Betty Wilson.

To Pioneer Women.

The Saint-Saens sonata in D minor, which Maud Powell played here last fall, will be featured at the concert to be given tonight by Mr. George Fr. Lindner and Miss Annabel Wood at Cable street. They will also present Brahms D minor sonata, which a musical devotee describes as "probably the finest violin sonata in that class of literature. It is a pity that it does not reveal more of its beauty at one hearing. It is a number of celebrated musicians think it so inspired that they call the first movement 'holy ground.' I can't imagine anything more beautiful than the third movement."

Ellis-Newman.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stanford Ellis have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Katherine Murchison, to Mr. Dreahy Newman, on Wednesday, the 11th of April, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, No. 1 Peachtree circle.

Mrs. Van Rensselaer's Visit

Mrs. Coffin Van Rensselaer, of New York, representing the National League for Woman's Service, visited Atlanta today, and will be the guest of Mrs. William Lawson Peel. She will speak tomorrow afternoon at the Capital City club, and to meet her are invited all the women of Atlanta.

In a recent address she has made, Mrs. Van Rensselaer emphasized the fact that the work is being carried on under a tentative force, according to meet the national emergency foreseen by the break with Germany, and that the permanent force, according to the league's activities has not yet been perfected. The movement is really designed to be a permanent force, according to Mrs. Van Rensselaer, for the development of the efficiency of women, not only in the home, but in the business and industrial life. She said that the movement is really designed to be a permanent force, according to Mrs. Van Rensselaer, for the development of the efficiency of women, not only in the home, but in the business and industrial life. She said that the movement is really designed to be a permanent force, according to Mrs. Van Rensselaer, for the development of the efficiency of women, not only in the home, but in the business and industrial life.

Called Meeting.

A special meeting is called for the officers and members of Georgia chapter, No. 127, Order Eastern Star, on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, in Lebanon temple, for the purpose of inspection by the grand matron.

Vesper Club Anniversary Dance.

The Vesper club will entertain tonight with a formal dance in celebration of its fourth anniversary. Preparations have been completed for the best dance the club has given. Special music has been provided and several novel features will add to the pleasure of the evening.

The usual chaperons will attend and invitations have been extended to a number of the club's friends.

Hollowell-Colley.

The marriage of Miss Bessie Hollowell and Mr. John Edmonds Colley, formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., was a pretty event of last evening, taking place at 8 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Lawrence Hollowell, on Highland avenue.

The house was artistically decorated throughout with smilax, palms and ferns and quantities of pink and white roses.

The ceremony took place in the drawing room, where the wedding party was grouped before an improvised altar of palms and white roses.

Miss Lucile Daley was maid of honor and Mr. Walter E. Davis, of Valdosta, was best man. Rev. Henry B. Mays was the officiating minister, and an orchestra played the wedding march.

The bride was lovely in her wedding costume of white duchess satin and tulle combined and daintily embroidered in seed pearls. Her tulle veil was caught with orange blossoms and she carried a cascade bouquet of bride roses and valley lilies.

The maid of honor wore green tulle tulle with tulle draperies, and carried pink roses and valley lilies.

The bride's mother was gowned in silver crepe de chine combined with tulle.

Assisting in entertaining at the reception following the ceremony were Mrs. H. E. Josup, Mrs. G. W. Walters, Mrs. Eugene Carroll and Mrs. E. Z. Ruff. Misses Emma Moore, Ruth Morris, Rosa Belle Chapman and Ruth Mobley served punch. Miss Justine Henderson had charge of the bride's book.

Mr. and Mrs. Colley left for an extended wedding trip east, and on their return will go to housekeeping.

Among the out-of-town guests were the groom's mother, Mrs. Roydon Hamilton Smith, of Bryn Athyn, Pa.; Mr. W. Edmund Pendleton, of Macon; Mr. Walter E. Davis, of Valdosta, and Mr. Harry J. Wood, of Baltimore, Md.

Romantic Revue.

The rehearsals for the Romantic Revue are now being successfully conducted every day, and the entertainment, which is for the benefit of the crippled children's hospital, promises to be one of the most beautiful ever given here.

Among the new features added this week to an already brilliant program are a Pierette and Pierot dance by Miss Marjorie Stringfellow, Miss Frances Peabody, Mr. Perry Ansley and Mr. Percy Lambright.

The Irish jig, which was such an attractive part of the program of the St. Patrick's day entertainment at the Lydell last Saturday, will be repeated by Miss Lydia Nash and Miss Marie Stoddard will ride in the cart and Tommie Penn will drive.

George Forrester, Jr., the little son of Mr. and Mrs. George Forrester, will give the flag dance.

Miss Rosa Coates, of New York, is training the dancers.

Suffrage Meeting.

The Business and Professional Women's league of the Equal Suffrage party of Georgia held their first meeting Tuesday evening at suffrage headquarters, 111 North Pryor street. The league has opened under the most favorable auspices with a large and enthusiastic membership.

Among the representative business and professional women with a number of men as associates, the members of the league were presided over by Mrs. Beatrice Castleton. The objects and aims of the league were outlined in a short talk by Miss Alice Denton. Mr. Charles O. H. Craigie, president of the National suffrage society, of Washington, D. C., spoke interestingly on the work of the national organization. Short talks were made by Mrs. Emily McDougall, Miss Casta, of Chicago, and others. Mrs. Beaumont Davidson,

chairman membership committee, spoke interestingly, urging co-operation and increased membership. Mrs. Davidson will offer prizes for members securing the largest number of members and will preside at the meeting of the membership committee at an early date. The league is especially indebted to Dr. A. H. Van Dyke and Mr. Charles Craigie, Washington, D. C., who in short talks congratulated the league upon their organization, spoke encouragingly of the future and bright prospects of the league, and hearty cooperation. The next meeting will be held in April at a time and place to be announced later.

Card Party.

The Art Study club announce their third card party given for the purpose of raising money toward the purchase of the painting by Mr. Birge Harrison. This party of the series to be given by the club will be at the home of Mrs. Clarence Blosser, 195 Myrtle street, on Wednesday afternoon, March 28, at 3:30 o'clock.

Tables may be secured by phoning Mrs. Blosser.

Pie Party.

There will be a pie and lemon party given by the chapter, No. 128, Order of the Eastern Star, at 7:30 o'clock this evening at the Battle Hill lodge, 100 South Gordon street and Lucile avenue. A very short musical program has been arranged. All members and friends of the order are invited to be present.

East Lake Country Club.

An informal dinner-dance will be given Saturday evening at East Lake Country club.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd K. Mays and others will entertain parties.

Sonata Recital.

The Saint-Saens sonata in D minor, which Maud Powell played here last fall, will be featured at the concert to be given tonight by Mr. George Fr. Lindner and Miss Annabel Wood at Cable street. They will also present Brahms D minor sonata, which a musical devotee describes as "probably the finest violin sonata in that class of literature. It is a pity that it does not reveal more of its beauty at one hearing. It is a number of celebrated musicians think it so inspired that they call the first movement 'holy ground.' I can't imagine anything more beautiful than the third movement."

Mr. Lindner will also play a group of smaller sonatas in that class of literature. It is a pity that it does not reveal more of its beauty at one hearing. It is a number of celebrated musicians think it so inspired that they call the first movement 'holy ground.' I can't imagine anything more beautiful than the third movement."

All interested are invited. No admission will be charged.

Musical at Church.

The Young People's society of the First Methodist church will give a musical this evening in the basement of the church, 111 North Pryor street. The program has been arranged and all interested are cordially invited.

P. K. O. S. Banquet.

The Pilgrim Knights of Oriental Splendor will hold a large banquet at their palace on the corner of Alabama and Peachtree streets, at 7:30 o'clock. An elaborate program has been arranged by the committee and over five hundred pilgrims and their lady friends are expected. All members of Odd Fellows are invited. No admission will be charged. The program will include things on the program are an address by E. A. Baughman, some very fine vaudeville acts, a musical initiation singing by little daughters of Pilgrim P. B. Cheek, an address of welcome by Brother Ditt, of the order, also plenty of refreshments. The Pilgrim Knights drum and bugle corps have also planned a feature. The Oriental orchestra of the P. K. O. S. will render some selections and a quartet of the drum corps will sing, headed by Sam Denham and Guy Lilly. All wives and daughters and friends of the Pilgrims are invited to attend. The palace will open at 7:30 o'clock.

EXPECT APRIL SHOWERS BEFORE APRIL ARRIVES

Atlanta may get a taste of April showers in advance of their scheduled date, if the weather menu provided by the forecaster is carried out on the bill of fare today. He said Thursday that the winds would veer to a southerly direction, with a rise in temperature, and that the day would probably be punctuated with showers.

The weather had cleared in the eastern portion of the cotton belt Thursday morning, but another barometric depression in the west brought a quick return of cloudiness and rain. There was considerable precipitation in the region east of the Mississippi, extending north as far as New York along the Atlantic coast line.

WOMAN SICK TWO YEARS

Could Do No Work. Now Strong as a Man.

Chicago, Ill.—"For about two years I suffered from a female trouble so I was unable to walk or do any of my own work. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the newspapers and determined to try it. It brought almost immediate relief. My weakness has entirely disappeared and I never had better health. I weigh 165 pounds and am as strong as a man. I think money is well spent which purchases Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Jos. O'Bryan, 1755 Newport Ave., Chicago, Ill.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF HOTEL CHELSEA

West Twenty-third St. at Seventh Av.

NEW YORK CITY EUROPEAN PLAN

500 ROOMS 400 BATHS

Room, with adjoining bath, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Suites, parlor, bedroom and bath, \$3.00 and upward.

Club Breakfast, 25c up.

Special Luncheon, 50c up.

Table d'hôte Dinner, 15c up.

Safe.

To Reach Hotel Chelsea.

From Pennsylvania Station, 7th Avenue car south to 23d Street.

Leave 23d Street, Reading, Baltimore & Ohio, Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley R. R. Stations, take 23d Street car south to Hotel Chelsea.

Principal Steamship Piers, Foot W. 23d Street, take car south to Hotel Chelsea.

WRITE FOR COLORED MAP OF NEW YORK.

"WILDCAT" STILL VIOLIN TO FEATURE GLEE CLUB'S SHOW

Farrar Bond and his "wildcat" still violin will be seen and heard in action at the Atlanta theater Saturday night, March 24, when the University of Georgia glee club makes its annual visit to Atlanta.

Bond has been leader of the Mandolin club for three years, and in that



FARRAR BOND, Leader of the Mandolin club of the University of Georgia Glee club, which will be at the Atlanta theater Saturday, March 24. He is considered one of the state's most accomplished violinists.

time he has become one of the most promising young musicians in the state.

This young Georgian hails from Athens and spends his summers at Rabun Gap. Young Bond was rambling around in the hills one day when he found a violin in a case. Taking the instrument from the case, he began to tune it, when about six winchesters looked him in the face and one big gruff fellow said, "Wall, I guess you had better tune her up pretty well and play your darndest, case it air going ter be your last tune on this earth."

Bond, needless to say, played as if inspired. He finally convinced the shiners that he was not a revenue agent, and one old fellow made the proposition, "Sonnie, you're mighty close to heaven, but if you'll play 'Home, Sweet Home,' to my notion, you can go." Farrar says that he played it until he was blue in the face, with all the expression that was possible. The men gave him the violin, and he will use it at the performance at the Atlanta Saturday night, when he will make it talk, cry, laugh and moan.

ATLANTA PAINT CO. OPENS HEADQUARTERS

The firm of Davidson & Weldmann Paint Co., formerly operating at 242-52 Edgewood avenue, has been succeeded by the Atlanta Paint company, a newly organized concern, for the purpose of wholesale and retail distribution of Woolsey Paint and Color company wares.

The new firm has established Atlanta headquarters at 10 North Forsyth street. Officers are announced as N. T. Davidson, president; E. W. Davidson, vice president, and J. H. Ivey, secretary

and treasurer. The Messrs Davidson extensive experience with the Dinkins & Davidson wholesale hardware organization assure the new concern of many patrons. Mr. Ivey is widely known in the southeastern paint and roofing trade.

Besides the Woolsey company's Atlanta interests, the Atlanta Paint company will also act as agent for Georgia of the Benjamin Moore Co., of New York, Cleveland, Chicago and St. Louis.

OUR \$56 FUNERAL

Saves You from \$75 to \$100.

BODEN-HUNTER CO., Funeral Directors.

H. G. LEWIS & CO. 70-72 Whitehall

The policy of this store is dependable merchandise at low prices for cash

Special Purchase
67 Silk
Dresses
---\$15

Taffeta and Georgette
Beautiful Embroidered Models---

Tunic Effects—unique pocket decorations, long waisted and short waisted models—navy, open, green, plum, black—extraordinary values—

You save \$5 when you buy one. Make your own comparison.

They came yesterday---
---See them in our window---

New Blouses---Lewis' Values---

You are invited to place a value on all Lewis Blouses by your own judgment, and by experience comparisons. New models today at these prices—voile, crepe de chine, Georgette—

\$1.95 \$2.89 \$3.95 \$5.00

H. G. LEWIS & CO.

"My Favorite Sweet is
ALAGA SYRUP"

Nourishing, inexpensive and satisfying, it pleases the palate.

Fine for Waffles, Good on Cakes,
Dandy for Cooking

All of nature's sweetness from choice ribbon cane packed while hot. At your grocer's.

Put up only by
Alabama-Georgia Syrup Company

Montgomery, Ala. Jacksonville, Fla.



Olsan Bros.

43-45 Whitehall Street



Specially Prepared for Friday's Selling
Trimmed Hats

At \$3.00 and \$4.95

Including all the new shapes, newest trimming effects; in fact, a big assortment of the smart styles that are now the vogue—they are Specially Priced.

Sport Hats

\$1.95 and \$2.95

Quite "chic" are these banded Sport hats, featuring the mushroom brim, high crown effects, straight and roll brims, in the wanted straws. Values \$2.50 to \$4.00. Special—\$1.95 and \$2.95.

—Millinery Dept., Third Floor.

Spring Ensemble of Fine Blouses at Allen's Is One of Surpassing Loveliness

COMPREHENSIVE in its scope of individual models—imbued with that spirit of simplicity which ever marks the artist a genius at designing.

It is a collection wholly typical of Allen's—the Shop of "Different" Apparel—measuring up in every respect to the high standard of Allen garments.

Georgette Blouses---

Elaborate with beads and hand embroidery—dashing with sport collars—white, pink, rose, maize—

Crepe de Chine Blouses---

Smart plain tailored finish—one or two large, bold buttons—sport collars—entire blouse in sport pattern—

French Voile Blouses---

Exquisitely fine—dainty hand embroidery—finest Val lace edges—what more could the truly feminine ask? So sheer and fine is the quality of the voile one could easily mistake it for Georgette—

Crepe de Chine Blouses, \$2.95

Made with pleated jabot—white satin collar—high colors—white and pastel shades—gaily printed sport collar—

Voile Blouses, \$2.00

Beautifully tucked and lace trimmed—many very dainty models. Others have pink or blue linen collars.

Voile Blouses, \$1.00

Here is a great collection of most attractive blouses at smallest cost—striped, checked or plain voile—plain collar—large pearl buttons—colored stripes—white collar and cuffs—

J. P. ALLEN & CO.

J. P. Allen & Co.
Connally Building
Cor. Whitehall & Ala. Sts.

SOCIAL ITEMS.

Mrs. Louis Magid and children, of Tallulah Falls, are spending ten days with Mr. and Mrs. Edward Habersham, Louis Magid, Jr., underwent an operation yesterday at St. Joseph's infirmary.

Mrs. B. B. Hudgins left Sunday for New York, where she will be for the week.

Mrs. Fay Franklin Wood entertained at bridge yesterday afternoon in company with Mrs. Charles Tupper, of Syracuse, N. Y.

Freckle-Face

Now is the time to get rid of these ugly spots.

Do you know how easy it is to remove those ugly spots so that no one will call you freckle-face?

Simply get an ounce of ointment, double strength, from your druggist and a few applications should show you how easy it is to rid yourself of freckles and get a beautiful complexion. The sun and winds of March have a strong tendency to bring out freckles, and as a result more ointment is sold in this month. Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove the freckles.

See The Poisons In Your Blood

Mighty Poisons Accumulated Through the Winter Months Mean Disaster and Disease.

Says Rid the System With Sulphur Tablets Easily.

Springtime always brings with it joy and distress. The distress is in the form of catarrh, neuralgia, rheumatic pains, constipation, inactive kidneys and usually a feverish, lethargic lethargy that is hard to throw off.

Do you remember how grandmother fed you sulphur and molasses every spring to purify the blood? It was a good, old-fashioned, but nauseous remedy. Now you can take sulphur, cream of tartar and herbs in tablet form. A better remedy, easy and pleasant to take in Sulphur Tablets. Sold by all druggists. A laxative, blood purifier of unequalled merit for those who are constipated and suffering in any way from such pent-up poisons. Each package is guaranteed to give wonderfully satisfactory results. Be sure you get Sulphur Tablets (not sulphur tablets).

QUINA-LAROCHE FOR THE ENFEEBLED

The Superior Tonic for falling strength, and during convalescence following all fevers, grippe, young motherhood, etc. Very agreeable to the taste—appetizing. All Druggists.

E. FOUGERA & CO., Inc., New York

COURTESY AND PROMPTNESS BOWEN-HUNTER CO.

Funeral Directors.
47 E. Hunter. Phone 1108.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

On Monday and Tuesday, March 26 and 27, a representative direct from the Royal Worcester Porcelain Works, in England, will be at this store with Samples and Exhibits.

Orders will be taken for future delivery. You are cordially invited to come and see these masterpieces of the Ceramic Art.

DOBBS & WEY CO.

57 North Pryor. Near Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg.

CREDIT

Dress Up For Easter

We Have a Great Variety in

Stylish Clothes

FOR

MEN AND WOMEN

In patterns and materials we can show you the equal of any similar stock anywhere—and at right prices.

Use Your Credit Here
Pay \$1, \$1.50 or \$2 a Week

ASKIN & MARINE

W. A. DAY, Manager 78 Whitehall

pliment to her guests, Mrs. Clarence Lawton and Mrs. Charles Tupper, of Syracuse, N. Y.

Mrs. Lena S. Huntley and Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell King will return Sunday from New York.

Mrs. Joseph Lane, of LaGrange, who has been the guest of Mrs. Harvey Hill, returned home yesterday.

Judge and Mrs. John S. Candler are traveling in California.

Mrs. J. E. Purse is spending a week with Mrs. C. M. Kline during the absence of Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Blacklock in New York.

Miss Mignon Harlan, of Calhoun, Ga., is spending a few days with Miss Kathleen Hines at 53 East Merritts avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kohn, of Albany, N. Y., are spending a few days at the Wincoff.

MEETINGS

The meeting of the Women's Alliance which was to have been held at the home of Mrs. Julius R. Watts this afternoon will be postponed to allow any members to hear Mr. Taft at the Auditorium.

The Inman Park Students' club will with Mrs. Charles W. Murray, 43 West Fifth street, this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

The Ladies' Memorial association will meet at Carnegie library this morning at 11 o'clock.

The regular meeting of the Ansley Park Civic league will be held at the residence of Dr. R. R. Stone, 26 Prado, Tuesday evening, March 27, 8 o'clock sharp. This meeting is very important and the attendance of every member is urged.

Plea for Good Roads Made by C. J. Haden Indorsed in Alma, Ga.

A telegram was received by E. Y. Clarke, of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce, on Thursday from Charles Stripling, of Alma, Ga., saying that a large crowd who heard Charles J. Haden speak there were "so deeply impressed by his pleas for good roads and markets that the grand jury invited him in the afternoon to address that body separately. Indications are that bonds for the road work will be sold in the near future among the foremost good roads counties of the state."

Espagne Arrives.

New York, March 22.—The French line steamship Espagne arrived here today from Bordeaux with 231 passengers. She came in armed with an automatic rapid fire on her bow and a large gun aft. Her officers said no submarines were sighted on the voyage.

CAN'T FIND DANDRUFF

Every bit of dandruff disappears after one or two applications of Dandrin rubbed well into the scalp with the finger tips. Get a 25-cent bottle of Dandrin at any drug store and save your hair. After a few applications you can't find a particle of dandruff or any falling hair, and the scalp will never itch.

FOR CROUP COUGHS, COLDS

Take CHEVY'S EXPECTORANT, recognized as the best Cough Mixture ever made. Quickly relieves irritation in the throat, stops Coughing, Colds, cures the strain, relieves Whooping Cough. Cures Croup and Bronchitis. 25c at drug stores—(adv.)

IRA LANDRETH WILL SPEAK AT BANQUET OF FATHER AND SON

Ira Landreth, of Chicago, will be the speaker at the Father and Son banquet, which will be held at the Auditorium on Friday evening, March 30, Mr. Landreth.



IRA LANDRETH.

Landreth is an able speaker, and the large number of fathers and sons who will be gathered together at the banquet will enjoy a treat. Tickets are being rapidly purchased, and indications are that more than one thousand fathers and sons will be present. It will be the largest father and son banquet ever pulled off anywhere. Music for the occasion will be furnished by the Georgia Tech band, and E. Barnes will be the caterer in charge.

Atlanta May Soon Have Branch of the Society Of Teachers of English

Following the addresses of three noted educational leaders Thursday afternoon in the auditorium of the Commercial High school, steps are being taken to organize in Atlanta a branch of the National Society of Teachers of English, which it is believed will prove of great benefit to the teachers of English in Atlanta institutions, because of the constant contact with the best in the profession and a general interchange of ideas on this particular work. Professor LeVitt, of Crockett, of George Washington university, spoke on the advantages and value of simplified spelling, some of the words of the simplified system being officially adopted at the Southern Conference of Education, which has just closed its meetings in Macon.

Dr. James M. Granger, of the Virginia Normal school, at Farmville, Va., urged the necessity for the formation of an association of teachers of English. He is allied with the southern branch of the teachers of English and the national association of that department.

Professor Edward M. Hopkins, of the University of Kansas, also stressed the formation of such an organization. Professor Hopkins' subject was "Professional Standards and Ideals."

The meeting was arranged by Misses Maude Hall and Antoinette Blackburn, of the Commercial High school faculty, who attended the southern conference in Macon.

Entertainment Fund For the Fifth Regiment Now Over \$2,000 Mark

Additional subscriptions reported yesterday brought the fund for the entertainment of the Atlanta units of the state national guard, which have been doing duty on the Mexican border in excess of \$2,000. The fund is still nearly \$1,000 short of the sum which the committee started out to raise, and further subscriptions are being solicited. The exact amount raised so far is \$2,018.

The troops are now on their way home and are expected to arrive in the city about Monday.

HUSBAND GIVEN \$3,000 FOR DEATH OF HIS WIFE

Moultrie, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—The \$3,000 damage suit filed against the Gulf Refining company by Robert Hampton, who claimed that the carelessness of an employee of the corporation caused his wife to be burned to death last September, has been settled for \$3,000.

The plaintiff alleged that the company through its Moultrie agency sold gasoline to a Murphy merchant, although the latter had asked for kerosene, and that on the evening of September 8, Mrs. Hampton, while making a fire, poured some of this same fluid on the wood, lighted a match and an explosion followed. She received burns from which she died a few hours later.

WILL TRY NEGRESS FOR RAISING MONEY ORDER

Columbus, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—Beale Brown, a negress, Manchester, Ga., was put under a \$300 bond here tonight, charged with raising a post-office money order from \$1 to \$15. The negress received a letter with money order enclosed during February from Fernal Davis, the latter writing that he enclosed order for \$1. When she presented order for payment the amount had been raised. The trial will be conducted before Judge William T. Newman at the May term of United States court here.

MOULTRIE PLANT KILLS 1,020 HOGS IN ONE DAY

Moultrie, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—The Moultrie packing plant yesterday killed 1,020 hogs, the largest number in one day since the plant has been in operation, and the largest number of animals ever slaughtered in one day in a southern packing house. The total live weight of the hogs was 165,274 pounds. The total price of the hogs was over \$19,000, the price per pound being over 11 cents.

EXPERTS ADDRESS CHAUTAUQUA CROWD

Knapp Pleads for Food Crops in South Before Boll Weevil Conference, While Wife of Gov. Henderson Addresses Women.

Macon, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—Two important conferences, one composed of southern men, both with the same object in view—that of reducing the high cost of living—convened in Macon today for conferences lasting throughout the balance of the week. They are the Conference of Southern Women and the Southern Boll Weevil council. Several hundred leading club women and agricultural experts of the south are in attendance.

Dr. Bradford Knapp, chief of the extension work in the south, with headquarters in Washington, D. C., was the chief speaker at the session of the Southern Boll Weevil council this morning, stressing the need of safe and sane farming. The farm demonstration work in the south was founded by Dr. Knapp's father, the late Dr. Seaman A. Knapp.

"Have we forgotten 1911?" asked Dr. Knapp in his address today. "Do we flatter ourselves that a dependence upon all cotton is safe now because the peculiar conditions of 1916 enabled the farmers who could grow cotton to profit greater from their labor? A system which brought poverty in 1914 and affluence in 1916 is not a safe system, because, nobody knows what it will bring in 1917."

There is an even greater reason why the south should produce the food for its people and the feed for its live stock. The country is trembling on the very brink of war and war means that defensive and offensive powers of this country must be heavily drawn upon. A country without food and with a navy blockading its door is practically conquered.

Other Experts Speak. Among the other speakers at the meeting today were Professor Roy E. East, Jr., of the Georgia State College of Agriculture, on "Cotton Breeding Related to the Boll Weevil Problem," and W. E. Hinds, professor of entomology of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute at Auburn, Ala., on "How We Fight the Boll Weevil in Alabama."

Dr. A. J. Campbell occupied the chair in his absence. Tomorrow the council will discuss the live stock question as it pertains to the south, and Saturday a joint session with the Conference of Southern Women to consider the question of co-operation in marketing will be held.

Women for Home Trading. One of the first acts of the Conference of Southern Women this morning in their meeting at the Hotel Dumaine auditorium was the adoption of a resolution presented by Mrs. Charles Henderson, wife of the governor of Alabama, calling upon the women of the south to buy home food products and clothing as the first means of reducing the high cost of living.

Mrs. Henderson was the principal speaker at the conference today. She took occasion to compliment the city of Macon and the Chautauqua of the South for their hospitality.

Improvement in the conditions of negroes was advocated by Mrs. Henderson, she declaring that the exodus of negroes to the north last year was largely responsible for the short crops.

Plea for Preparedness. The notable address today was delivered by Mrs. Lydia Van Rensselaer, of New York, a member of the board of directors of the National League for Women's Service. Mrs. Van Rensselaer appealed to the women of the south to become efficient and prepared for war service. She made the trip from New York especially to address the chautauqua visitors, taking the place of Miss Grace Parker, national commandant of the league, who was unable to come for talk coincided in patriotism and prayers for the women everywhere to become prepared to do their duty if the country goes to war.

The sister cannot afford to stand by and let the brother do it all, said Mrs. Van Rensselaer.

At Chautauqua Auditorium this afternoon Miss Myrtle Moore, of the Chicago Grand Opera company, gave a recital as a preliminary to an address by Maud Ballington Booth, the noted crisis on reform worker. Tonight the Elsie Herndon Kears company, composed of many of the original Herndon Kears presented "Winter Tale."

SPECIAL TAX FIXED BY ATHENS COUNCIL ON MANY CONCERNS

Athens, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—For the first time in its history the Athens city council has placed a special business license tax on mercantile and manufacturing concerns. Hitherto many classes of business were subject to special license tax, but merchants and most of the manufacturing establishments paid only ad valorem tax on their stocks or plants. A uniform tax of 1.5 per cent is this year placed on all merchants and all manufacturers, with some modifications as to size of business or plant.

Some of the notable instances of fees are: advertising agencies and contracts, \$200; mileage coupon companies, \$200; astrologers, palmists, phrenologists, etc., \$200; boxing matches, \$100 each exhibition; wrestling bouts, \$25; electric lighting companies, \$250; electric power companies, \$100; gas company, \$150; express companies, \$250; fortune-tellers, \$250; fire or wreck merchandise sales, \$300; newspapers, \$25.

CORDELE SHIPS CARLOAD OF HOGS AS DAILY AVERAGE

Cordele, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—During the past week Cordele has shipped a carload of hogs every day, and there are several other car shipments going out this week to packing houses in this state.

Local buyers are active over a territory of thirty to forty miles around. They are paying the highest market prices.

The number of hogs available in Crisp county is very gratifying to those who are encouraging the farmers in hog and cattle raising, and the demand for hogs is increasing. The farmers and other raisers to make extensive plans for hog raising during the ensuing year.

Some of the local buyers are operating automobile trucks over the entire section, purchasing hogs and hauling them to the pens here for shipping purposes.

JOEL HUNTER WILL ADDRESS TECH STUDENTS

Joel Hunter, chairman of the Georgia state board of accountant examiners, upon invitation of the School of Technology, will deliver a public address tonight in the assembly room of the school in the Walton building. Mr. Hunter will speak on how to prepare for the forthcoming C. P. A. examinations and of what they consist.

The meeting will be open to the public and a number of out-of-town people are expected to be present as well as many Atlantans. The dates for the C. P. A. examinations, under direction of the state board, are May 16 and 17, and they will take place in Atlanta.



"Shoe Reflections"

When skirts are short, a woman's "long suit" is her shoes. The prettier foot a woman has, the more she likes to wear nice shoes; but the less pretty it is, the more she hates to draw attention to it with ugly ones.

Last year a woman bought her shoes to match her gown. This year she buys her gown to match her shoes.

Readers of character by dress look first at a woman's shoes. It is not necessary to buy expensive shoes to get good, pretty and stylish ones at Byck's, or one that will make "your" foot look pretty.

Prices: In fancy Low from \$4.00 up. In fancy High from \$7.00 up.

Byck's 27-29 WHITEHALL ST.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

This Morning--A Surprise

In Some Fine Lingerie Blouses You May Buy at \$1.65

The selling to start at eight o'clock. Not more than three Blouses will be allowed to a customer.

No mail orders can be filled—as the supply we have will not outlast the morning's demands.

Nothing like them has ever been offered you at this price—Which is an extreme reduction from the price you are asked to pay regularly for them here.

Details There are sheer, fine, lovely lingerie waists—all white, with trimmings of filet lace or Valenciennes, wee, fine tucks—some with the daintiest, small embroidered designs in front, or all over, if you prefer. They have large, square collars, and the very latest sleeves.

There are also some of the famous "Opera" Waists in sports styles, large round dot effect; also some delightful stripes.

Altogether it is one of the very greatest values we have ever offered you in Waists—for be it noted—they are every one new and fresh and BUYING THEM AT \$1.65 IS JUST A "PICK-UP."

Share them today. —Fourth Floor.

Equally Wonderful Are the Skirts to Be Sold \$5

Today at . . . \$5

Would you like to go through a hundred-and-fifty of our brand-new skirts, make your choice and have it for your own at very much less than its regular price?

YOU MAY DO SO TODAY. \$5.00 is an extreme reduction from their regular selling price.

Here are more than 150 new and lovely skirts, both silks and woolsens, including the smartest and most appealing sports styles, in all sizes, up to the extra out sizes for stout women—and you may have choice of them TODAY—ONLY—AT \$5.00.

It is a most unusual offer, one not many will want to miss. Choose from beautiful plaid and striped silks—all fashionable colors, some plain, natural color pongees, and also black taffeta.

In the Wool Skirts there are fine chuddah cloths, serges and all-Wool poplins.

It means a very wonderful economy for all who share these lovely Skirts at this price.

We ask you to be among that number. Today—Fourth Floor.

LOVETT GETS VERDICT AGAINST SEABOARD

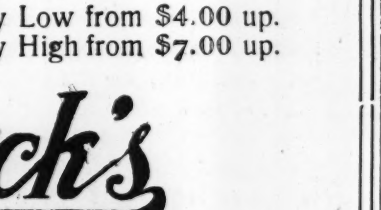
Cordele, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—A jury in the case of Sam Lovett vs. the Seaboard Air Line railway, in the Crisp superior court, has returned a verdict for \$6,000 in favor of the plaintiff. The plaintiff alleged that he sustained permanent injuries when his horse was frightened by a train on this road, throwing him from his buggy across one of the rails and resulting in injuring his spinal column.



"The Kind Mother Uses"

"Every time mother gets out Calumet I know there's going to be good things to eat at our house. Delicious, tender, tempting doughnuts, biscuits, cakes and pies! I've never seen a bake-day failure with Calumet. Mother says it's the only Baking Powder that insures uniform results."

Received Highest Awards New Gold Medal—Paris 1904, 1906, 1909, 1910, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917.



Cheap and big can Baking Powders do not save you money. Calumet does—it's Pure and far superior to sour milk and soda.



"The Kind Mother Uses"

"Every time mother gets out Calumet I know there's going to be good things to eat at our house. Delicious, tender, tempting doughnuts, biscuits, cakes and pies! I've never seen a bake-day failure with Calumet. Mother says it's the only Baking Powder that insures uniform results."

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THE CONSTITUTION

Established 1868.

THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly

CLARK HOWELL

Editor and General Manager

Directors: Clark Howell, Robt. Robinson, Albert Howell, Jr., E. R. Black, H. W. Grady.



Telephone Main 5000.

Entered at the postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.

ATLANTA, GA., March 23, 1917.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

By Mail to the United States and Mexico. (Payable in advance.)

Daily and Sunday 15c. 1 Mo. \$3.00. 3 Mos. \$7.50. 6 Mos. \$12.00.

Daily only 10c. 1 Mo. \$2.00. 3 Mos. \$5.00. 6 Mos. \$8.00.

Sunday only 5c. 1 Mo. \$1.00. 3 Mos. \$2.50. 6 Mos. \$4.00.

By Carrier.

City and country, 15 cents per week, or 65 cents per month.

J. H. HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, sole Advertising Manager for all territory outside Atlanta.

The Constitution's Washington office is at 1115 Riggs Building, Mr. John Corrigan, Jr., correspondent.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had. Hottel's Newsstands, Broadway and Forty-second street (Times building corner), Thirty-eighth street and Broadway and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

TAFT HERE TODAY!

Speaking at Richmond Wednesday night, former President William Howard Taft voiced the thought that is uppermost in every American patriot's mind today, when he said:

"It is time to awaken to the realization that we are forced into war with the most military nation in the world," and that the duty of every citizen "to support the president in his foreign policy is plain."

He comes here, as president and spokesman of the League to Enforce Peace—after the war—in support of the president of the United States in this critical hour of national peril; in the interests solely of preparedness and national safety today and forevermore.

His coming at this time should be accepted by our people, regardless of politics, creed or nationality, as an occasion for patriotic outpouring and a rally for Americanism and liberty such as is characteristic of Atlanta.

The greatness of the man, his position, his mission here and the circumstances of the hour, all combine to make the ex-president's visit epochal in the history of Atlanta. Atlantans should take full cognizance of the occasion and the opportunity to vitalize their expressions of fealty to nation, and greet Mr. Taft with an acclaim and a shout that will carry true and clear to Washington, to the reassurance of a president who is bearing such a weight of care and perplexity!

Mr. Taft will speak at a public mass meeting in the Auditorium at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The doors will be open to every man, woman and child who can crowd into the hall; and the great edifice should be packed to capacity.

MILITARY TRAINING.

Colonel M. H. Crump, representing the Universal Military Training league, after a thorough tour of the south, and after a man-to-man talk with every southerner he could reach, reports elsewhere upon this page that he finds the sentiment of this section thoroughly and picturesquely unified in behalf of national preparedness and almost as solidly for compulsory military training as a means to that end.

American sentiment and the exigencies of the times are such as to lead to the conclusion that compulsory military training of some sort and in some degree is inevitable. The thought of it may be in a measure distasteful to some, but viewed in its broader sense it cannot be obnoxious to a sufficient number to overcome the undoubted preponderance of favorable opinion; and our greatest cause for national rejoicing is that we are living in a nation in which the will of the majority is law.

Undoubtedly a course in military instruction and discipline, of the limited duration contemplated in the Chamberlain bill—six months of intensive training in camp during the nineteenth year—would work no hardship upon any young man. Transversely, it would be beneficial to him, morally and physically, and make of him a better citizen with broader vision and more clearly defined ideals of patriotism.

From the national defense standpoint, it would insure the nation a new army of 500,000 trained citizens each year; so that in the event of peril we would have ready for immediate mobilization all of the trained and prepared troops we possibly could need, instead of being handicapped and chaotic, as we are to a great extent in this day of impending war with a foreign power.

Since no boy physically fit would be immunized nor empowered to hire a substitute, the duty of protecting the nation would fall equally upon the shoulders of all, rich and poor, without regard to race, religion or social standing.

In this way the system would make for a

better, more nearly fundamentally perfect democracy, and it would be a good thing all around.

Every southerner should feel proud that Colonel Crump has found as he has that the right thinking people of the south take this common sense and patriotic view of the question and wish the enactment of such a measure.

DISPLAY "OLD GLORY."

At the luncheon of the Atlanta Ad Men's club and the Retail Merchants' association yesterday resolutions were unanimously passed calling upon the people of the city to give free expression to their sentiments of patriotism and loyalty to their country in this day of peril, and upon all merchants, business firms and professional men of the city to display the national flag above their buildings, from their windows and keep the colors conspicuously in evidence about their offices, sales rooms, etc.

This is altogether proper, and without doubt the mere suggestion is all that will be required to give Atlanta—residential as well as downtown—an aspect of unmistakable pride in the colors and loyalty to the principles of the nation.

It may seem to some a rather trivial thing, but just at this time there is need for the fullest possible exemplification of our national unity, and giving free utterance of our patriotic emotions and liberal display to the national emblem can do much to this end.

"THREE TIMES AND OUT."

Failure having marked the end of the second unsuccessful Cuban revolution led by former President Jose Miguel Gomez, that outlaw leader, if he is wise, should thank his lucky stars that he is alive.

Twice Gomez has led his nondescript followers in revolt against the government of Cuba. Twice he has failed, fallen into the government's hands and suffered to retain his head. This last fact is indicative of an unusual and rather surprising degree of tolerance on the part of the administration of Cuba under modern methods of government.

Another revolutionary outbreak, fostered by Gomez, will no doubt be his "three times and out." In other words, he probably will pay the penalty with his head; in which event he will have nobody to blame but himself.

It would be well for Gomez to remember that when he essays to overthrow the Cuban government he has the entire force of the United States to combat, because we are bound to the end of time to see that human life and property rights on the island shall be secure. Under the treaty of Paris, between Spain and the United States, the United States retained permanent sovereignty over Cuba, guaranteeing it a stable government, giving full protection to life, liberty and property rights. The "Platt amendment" declares that this country will never annex the island, but will ever safeguard it against destruction from within or without. This was incorporated in the Cuban constitution itself; hence the United States has as much legal right and as imperative a duty to protect life, liberty and property in Cuba as it has in any state of the union.

Gomez headed the recent revolt against the administration of President Menocal, just as he had headed one against the administration of President Estrada Palma.

President Menocal is a graduate from Cornell, and before his election he was for many years general manager of the American Sugar company, the largest single American investment upon the island. He is a conservative, and is said to represent a high type of statesmanship, 80 per cent of the white population, and an equal percentage of the property interests in Cuba. On the other hand, the so-called "liberal" party, headed by Gomez, has a following of about 80 per cent of the negro and the "undesirable citizen" element on the island.

Now that the three ringleader of the revolutionists has been captured, he should be dealt with in a manner that will serve to put him on notice that it will not be good for his health to lead any more revolutions in Cuba.

The kaiser says "God has been fighting with him for freedom." But this country knows more about God in that respect than he does.

In the meantime, the life-sustaining fields of the country give the spring drive full sway.

At last the czar came to the clutches of his own Russian Bear.

If war comes the country may see to it that the spring drive of prices turns the right way.

The Russian people have been long learning the American way to Freedom, but at last they have come to realize that every kick counts.

The Philadelphia Record says that the German sailors who jumped overboard sought to avert internment in a dry state.

Notwithstanding occasional rushes of rain, the bone dryness gets dryer.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

By FRANK L. STANTON

"When it's Time to Fight for the Country."

I.

Oh, you gotter quit pickin' on the old banjo,—Swingin' of yer sweet-hearts the best you know.

When the Flag is a-wavin' an' it's time to go—When it's time to fight for the country!

II.

Time to rise early an' to stay up late; Sugar in the bowl, an' Plenty on the plate; Kiss for yer sweetheart at the old home-gate.

When it's time to fight for the country!

III.

Oh, you gotter be a-leavin' of the river banks, An' takin' of yer places in the fightin' ranks; For they ain't no "rebels," an' they ain't no "banks."

When it's time to fight for the country!

That Honey Feeling.

The Manchester Guardian tells this: "The lady bank clerk had completed her first week and a friend asked her how she liked the work. 'Oh, it's beautiful,' said the girl. 'I'm at a branch where nearly all the people we know have accounts, and it's so nice to see how little money some of your friends have in the bank.'"

The Billville Banner.

"In case of war-trouble," says The Billville Banner, "war will do its part towards puttin' the 'moonshine' business out of business; still, the rye's got to come to harvest, an' somebody's got to look after the corn in the fall!"

Sermon on the Road.

Comes ter keep de fire blazin'. Can't do it wid de Cain you raisin'. You gotter ax for grace amazin'.

Ter keep you gwine.

Day ain't no half-way ter de place. What you lookin' Heav'n in de face; You gotter ax for grace—plain grace.

Ter keep you gwine!

Father Said It.

"It's my opinion, son," said the Billville parent, "that if you'd quit a-leavin' of plans for the carryin' on of a war, in case we git into one, an' rise up from the sand by the roadside an' hit hard licks to keep the war a-goin', you'd be a-doin' of a darn sight more for yer country!"

Set It Right Down.

Set it right down—if you're lendin' a hand The troubles of a life to unridle; If you're doin' yer share for the joy o' the land

Yer right is to dance to the fiddle.

Home Sights Best.

John Burroughs says of "Home Sights and Sounds," in the April St. Nicholas:

"Home sights and sounds are best of all. The sublime beauty of the Yosemite touched me with wonder and awe, but when I heard the robin's note, it touched my heart. I think I am something like a turtle in the way. I like to poke about in narrow fields, but why should I rush hither and yon to see things when I can see constellations from my own doorstep?"

"A Robin Sings."

That springtime feeling is voiced by our friend, "The Bentznott Bard":

"The world is bursting with news today, The epoch is big with mighty things; But here we are strolling the sunlit way Because in a maple a robin sings."

The Colonel's Opinion.

Noting that some Kentucky Judge had ruled that "Candy is not a necessary of life," Colonel George Bailey says:

"But then there are men in Kentucky who do not regard even sugar as a necessary of life, so accustomed have they become to the straight swig."

Where We're Goin' Along.

See all the shadow And hear the sweet song; But bright is the world Where we're goin' along.

We fight all the storm-winds, And tides runnin' strong—For we're one with the world Where we're goin' along!

Asks for Information.

Of a complete Bell system report in which it is stated that there are nearly 30,000,000 telephone calls daily The Macon News says:

"Does this mean the girls have a hella-va-time all the time?"

BRICK MANUFACTURERS

OPPOSE RATE REVISION

Brick manufacturers of Augusta, Macon and other points appeared before the state railroad commission Thursday morning to protest against the proposal of the railroads of Georgia to change the minimum carload weight for brick in Georgia intrastate traffic from 40,000 pounds to 36,000 pounds.

This proposed change, they stated, would mean an increase in rates which they regarded as unjust and which the Macon and Augusta people claimed, would practically eliminate them from competing with South Carolina manufacturers in the Savannah market. Rates were cited in North and South Carolina to show that the rates in those states are lower than the Georgia rates would be.

Those appearing for the brick manufacturers were W. W. Matthews, rate expert; H. H. Stafford, president of the Georgia-Carolina Brick company, of Augusta; Judge Callaway, of Augusta, and Attorney John R. L. Smith, of Macon.

Merrell P. Callaway, counsel for the railroads, admitted for the railroads that they are seeking an increase in rates, taking the position that the movement and character of brick justifies the increase, and reiterating the position of the carriers that their expenses of maintenance and operation have so increased in recent years that increase in revenue are necessary.

In addition to figures already submitted, Mr. Callaway submitted the following increases in the cost of material and operation:

Locomotives of same type, \$12,500 in 1905, and \$25,000 now; flat cars, \$700 in 1905 and \$1,300 now; flat cars, \$600 in 1905, and \$1,032 now; locomotives bought by the Louisville and Nashville last November 1 were quoted at \$21,169, and when actually bought, March 1, 1917, cost \$23,250; that the coal bill under contract for June 1, 1917, will cost the Southern railway \$2,500,000 more than last year; will cost the Atlantic Coast Line \$1,500,000 more; will cost the Seaboard Air Line \$1,000,000.

Mr. Callaway cited 10-hour pay for 8 hours' work as another increased item of expense.

Mr. Stafford was of the opinion that these increases are due to temporary conditions, and Mr. Callaway contended that the original figures submitted were prior to 1914.

COLONEL CRUMP FINDS SOUTH UNITED FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE

"Everywhere I have been I have found the people keenly alive to the peril of the moment, and as keenly in sympathy with the country's cause fervent in their patriotism."

My travels have only confirmed most uncontradictorily the opinion that I have always held: That in no section of America are the people more unanimous, more zealous in their loyalty to the flag, or more united in their support of the doctrine of preparedness for national protection," said Colonel Malcom H. Crump, Bowling Green, Ky., field secretary of the Universal Military Training league, who has just returned from a complete tour of the south in the interests of the organization he represents.

Primarily the Universal Military Training league, a strictly "preparedness organization of American business and professional men, farmers, mechanics, the homes, the men on the streets, laborers at work, etc., man-to-man, and hold personal interviews with them. His conclusion, summarized above, is based largely upon what the people themselves told him.

Also he carried with him a pamphlet published by his league, entitled "Our Nation in Danger," and containing argument in favor of the enactment of the Chamberlain bill as a national security measure. This pamphlet is for general distribution; and one of the means Colonel Crump employed to facilitate and broaden the scope of its circulation was to request bank presidents to mail them out to business clients.

It may surprise some of our friends of the north, said he, but it is a fact that not less than while on this tour of the south I have in this way alone placed 2,000,000 copies of this pamphlet in the hands of the people.

Colonel Crump will leave Atlanta for his home in Bowling Green tonight.

Explaining the reasons for his tour of the south, Colonel Crump said:

"Somehow, from some source, the impression that the people of the south are not overly enthusiastic in their national patriotism gained circulation in certain other sections of the country. Echoes of it reached the league headquarters, and I, being a southerner myself, was asked about it by one of the league officials."

"Of course, I discredited such a thought, with all vehemence I possess; and the thing resulted in my being commissioned to make a thorough canvass of this section of the south."

Editor Constitution: I do not suppose that the people in America can realize fully what the revolution in Russia with the overthrow of the prevalent system of government means to the people of that country, because they can not even imagine the bondage from which deliverance has come. I left Russia when quite young, and yet, the horrors and atrocities under which the people existed are still vivid in my mind. Human life had little value there, and in most horrible prisons there languished for years men and women who, in a free country, would have been lavished with honors and praises because of their brilliant intellects and love for humanity.

Not infrequently, a young woman full of enthusiasm and compassion for the peasant children, would bury herself in the country, and with self-sacrificing devotion dedicate herself to the task of establishing a little school; when, before she was aware of the fact that she was being watched, a government spy would report her to the police, and she would often disappear without trial or the knowledge of her parents, exposed to brutalities in the crowded detention prisons.

A few years ago a nephew visited me. He was a bright fellow, and is making a good living in this country. He got into trouble with the police at a so-called illegal meeting, which, as a matter of fact, was nothing more than a literary club, but the government did not favor education—it is too dangerous for autocracy. He lived in the town of Lida.

One evening while engaged in his work in a lawyer's office he heard such a commotion in the streets that he rushed out to see what was the matter. He found large crowds in the streets, many of them in the red blouse, the uniform of reform and freedom. From many an improvised platform speeches were being made in praise of the Tsar for granting the people the boon of freedom of speech and freedom of the press; the newspapers that had just arrived from Vilna so announced, and hence the jubilation; men and women who were total strangers to each other kissed and hugged each other for sheer joy. It was a day none ever expected to see in Russia. This lasted three days. Meantime the emissaries of the Tsar were watching. The ring-leaders were banished to Siberia, and darkness reigned once more over the people. So was hope for freedom often suppressed, until there seemed to be no hope left—and the worst of it was that the Church of Russia was at the very bottom of the whole miserable affair.

One day two Jews were trying to get away from Russia. At the frontier one of them succeeded in bribing the guards and he was allowed to pass; the other either did not have enough money to satisfy the cupidity of the men or was trying to drive a bargain with them, when his clothing was saturated with coal oil, and the poor fellow was set on fire, the guards unconcernedly smoking their pipes and jeering while the victim was being burned to death.

From all indications, the revolution now on in Russia is not to go backward, the measure of iniquity of the house of the Romanoffs is full to overflowing. Right is asserting itself, the church will be purified and priestcraft is coming to an end. It is gratifying to me to notice that the United States is planning a recognition of the new government of Russia as soon as the details are accomplished. Encouragement from this great republic will mean much to awakened Russia, who will henceforth take her place with the earth's emancipated.

This writer adopted America many years ago as the country of his choice, and he has tried as far as he could to be a loyal subject of a great country, but in his heart he has often suffered with the people among whom he was born, and he thanks God that he is living to see the dawn of what is to be a most wonderful era for Russia and her hitherto down-trodden people.

(PROF.) JULIUS MAGATH.

Oxford, Ga., March 21, 1917.

ANDREWS IN COMMAND

OF BRIGADE OF SONS

Colonel Walter P. Andrews, state senator-elect for the thirty-fifth district, has been appointed commander of the First Georgia brigade, Sons of Confederate Veterans, by Ben Watts, commander of the Georgia Division of the Sons of Confederate Veterans.

The first brigade is the largest and strongest in the Georgia division, comprising all the camps in the territory north of Atlanta and extending a little south of it.

Colonel Andrews will immediately get into communication with all camp commanders in his district, appoint his staff and official ladies, and take such other steps as are necessary to have the First Georgia brigade well organized and well represented by delegations from the various camps at the great reunion in Washington in June.

Colonel Andrews is the son of the late Major L. D. Andrews, of the Thirty-eighth North Carolina regiment; he is a prominent citizen of Atlanta and renowned as an organizer and executive.

BORN IN RUSSIA, PROF. JULIUS MAGATH DISCUSSES REVOLUTION

Editor Constitution: I do not suppose that the people in America can realize fully what the revolution in Russia with the overthrow of the prevalent system of government means to the people of that country, because they can not even imagine the bondage from which deliverance has come. I left Russia when quite young, and yet, the horrors and atrocities under which the people existed are still vivid in my mind. Human life had little value there, and in most horrible prisons there languished for years men and women who, in a free country, would have been lavished with honors and praises because of their brilliant intellects and love for humanity.

Not infrequently, a young woman full of enthusiasm and compassion for the peasant children, would bury herself in the country, and with self-sacrificing devotion dedicate herself to the task of establishing a little school; when, before she was aware of the fact that she was being watched, a government spy would report her to the police, and she would often disappear without trial or the knowledge of her parents, exposed to brutalities in the crowded detention prisons.

A few years ago a nephew visited me. He was a bright fellow, and is making a good living in this country. He got into trouble with the police at a so-called illegal meeting, which, as a matter of fact, was nothing more than a literary club, but the government did not favor education—it is too dangerous for autocracy. He lived in the town of Lida.

One evening while engaged in his work in a lawyer's office he heard such a commotion in the streets that he rushed out to see what was the matter. He found large crowds in the streets, many of them in the red blouse, the uniform of reform and freedom. From many an improvised platform speeches were being made in praise of the Tsar for granting the people the boon of freedom of speech and freedom of the press; the newspapers that had just arrived from Vilna so announced, and hence the jubilation; men and women who were total strangers to each other kissed and hugged each other for sheer joy. It was a day none ever expected to see in Russia. This lasted three days. Meantime the emissaries of the Tsar were watching. The ring-leaders were banished to Siberia, and darkness reigned once more over the people. So was hope for freedom often suppressed, until there seemed to be no hope left—and the worst of it was that the Church of Russia was at the very bottom of the whole miserable affair.

One day two Jews were trying to get away from Russia. At the frontier one of them succeeded in bribing the guards and he was allowed to pass; the other either did not have enough money to satisfy the cupidity of the men or was trying to drive a bargain with them, when his clothing was saturated with coal oil, and the poor fellow was set on fire, the guards unconcernedly smoking their pipes and jeering while the victim was being burned to death.

From all indications, the revolution now on in Russia is not to go backward, the measure of iniquity of the house of the Romanoffs is full to overflowing. Right is asserting itself, the church will be purified and priestcraft is coming to an end. It is gratifying to me to notice that the United States is planning a recognition of the new government of Russia as soon as the details are accomplished. Encouragement from this great republic will mean much to awakened Russia, who will henceforth take her place with the earth's emancipated.

This writer adopted America many years ago as the country of his choice, and he has tried as far as he could to be a loyal subject of a great country, but in his heart he has often suffered with the people among whom he was born, and he thanks God that he is living to see the dawn of what is to be a most wonderful era for Russia and her hitherto down-trodden people.

(PROF.) JULIUS MAGATH.

Oxford, Ga., March 21, 1917.

ANDREWS IN COMMAND

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Oxford, Ga., March 21, 1917.

ANDREWS IN COMMAND

OF BRIGADE OF SONS

Real Fight on the Degree Of Prohibition "Dryness" Now on in State Assembly

Battle Started in the Senate Thursday and Will Begin in House This Morning When "Bone Dry" Bill Is Placed on Passage There.

SENATE NOW DIVIDED ON THE PROHIBITION COMMISSIONER CLAUSE

Votes Down Amendment to Allow Georgians to Bring Personally Into State One Quart a Month—Drastic Minority Report Submitted to House.

The real fight upon the degree of "dryness," which shall characterize the Georgia "bone dry" prohibition law, began in the senate Thursday and will begin in the house Friday morning when the bill is placed on its passage there.

The senate made its position clear Thursday when Senator Turner, of the twenty-first, offered to amend the "bone dry" bill so as to allow each bona fide citizen of the state to transport personally into the state one quart of whisky per month for his personal use. This amendment was voted down by 28 to 11, which seems to indicate fairly clearly that the senate proposed to pass a bill which shall be absolutely hole-proof.

Senate Is Divided.

The senate is divided, however, upon whether or not the provision creating the office of prohibition commissioner shall be included in the bill. This difference of opinion seems to be based upon whether the law would be strengthened or weakened by the creation of such an office, the opposition to the creation of the office taking the position that the apparent "meddling" in law enforcement in the counties by an "outsider," which the commissioner might conceivably be regarded to be, would bring the law into contempt and make it more difficult of enforcement. The senate failed to come to a vote on this question Thursday and will take it up again Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

The house Thursday cleared its decks for action upon the "bone dry" bill Friday morning. The bill was read for the third time and will be placed on its passage Friday morning. In order that the bill may be certain to come to a vote Friday, the house will meet at 9 o'clock in the morning and will meet again at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Debate upon the bill will be limited to six hours, which is to be divided, three hours each, between the advocates and the opponents of the bill. Therefore, it is anticipated that the bill will pass the house either late Friday afternoon or some time Friday night.

In addition to the straight-out opposition to the bill, the proponents of the bill are by no means agreed in the house as to just what the bill should contain. A warm fight may, therefore, be expected before the bill is passed. That the bill will pass, of course, there is no doubt, but there were reports in circulation Thursday to the effect that a considerable number of votes might be affected, which would otherwise be for the bill, should it go through in its present drastic form.

Dilatory Tactics Used.
Dilatory tactics on the part of the opposition to the bill Friday, and the statement of Representative Blackburn, of Fulton, to the effect that the house will "find out who the opposition to the bill are Friday afternoon," are taken to mean that the opposition will put up the hardest fight that they know how, with the hope of gaining some sort of a compromise, either ameliorating the severity of the measure or postponing the date of the effectiveness.

A rather drastic minority report from the temperance committee was submitted in the house Thursday.

It is anticipated that the house will insist upon the prohibition commissioner feature, which, unless the senate changes its present color, would throw the bill into conference. There are also other differences of opinion which will certainly mean that the bill goes to conference.

The situation as a whole indicates that the bill will not be ready for the

governor's signature before Tuesday afternoon, or possibly Wednesday morning.

The session of the house Thursday was featured by the minority report from the temperance committee and by the second attempt of Representative Blackburn, of Fulton, to provide for the inauguration of Governor-elect Hugh M. Dorsey and to oust Governor Harris.

Position of Governor-Elect.
This action on the part of Mr. Blackburn was taken notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Dorsey is out of the city and that before leaving he made it clear that he did not expect to be inaugurated as governor until the legislature meets in regular session in June, and also making it clear that any step to bring about the inauguration at the extra session was not at his suggestion.

It was generally accepted, however, that the movement was a step in the direction of throwing obstacles in the way of an easy passage of the "bone dry" bill. At any rate, the house repeated its action of the day before and advised Mr. Blackburn's suggestion with an overwhelming vote and even more promptly than before.

Mr. Blackburn's resolution of Thursday was a follows: A House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, That a committee of five, three from the house and two from the senate, be appointed to arrange for the inauguration of the governor-elect.

Speaker Burwell, explaining the ruling he was about to make, read certain paragraphs from article 5 of the constitution, defining the election of a governor.

Resolution Out of Order.
"The governor was balloted for in the November election," said Mr. Burwell. "No result of that election has been declared; this house has no information that the returns have been submitted to the president of the senate, and no canvass has been made of those returns. No governor, therefore, has been declared elected by this general assembly, as is provided for by the constitution. The chair, therefore, rules this resolution out of order, and the house will proceed with business."

Mr. Blackburn appealed from the

ruling of the chair. When the vote upon the appeal from the ruling of the chair was taken the only vote in support of the appeal was that of Mr. Blackburn himself.

When the house special committee on temperance reported the "bone dry" bill back to the house for third reading and with the recommendation that it "do pass," a minority headed by Representative Stark of Jackson, submitted the following minority report:

The undersigned being members of the special committee to whom was referred house bill No. 1, and which was introduced Tuesday, March 20, finding ourselves unable to agree with the favorable report made by the majority recommending the passage of said bill, desire to present our protest and dissent from said recommendation and to submit a minority report with recommendation that said bill do not pass for the reasons which will be hereinafter stated.

1. That such legislation not desired and not wanted by the people of Georgia will breed contempt not only for this act but for all laws and will not be enforced or respected by the people of Georgia, who believe that the call of this second extra session of the legislature was for political purposes to advance the cause of certain political aspirants who hope thereby to rise into office on a political wave created for that purpose.

2. That further submit that at an extraordinary session of the general assembly held during the year 1915, an act was passed covering the whole subject of the regulation of prohibition upon the sale of the traffic in liquor insofar as the same was compatible with the provisions of the constitution of this state, wherein by the sixth section of said act, approved on the 18th day of November, 1915, it was declared by the general policy of the state that certain liquors under non-prohibited conditions and in non-prohibited quantities should be delivered to and possessed by individuals for their own domestic use only, which declaration of public policy was made by this general assembly after the most mature deliberation and after the purpose and desire upon the part of the majority thereof to set prohibition of the use of intoxicants in this state. The bill above mentioned, along with the contention that the general policy of the state is hereby being changed, subject of liquor constituted a comprehensive scheme which expressed in complete form the entire legislative thought of the state.

Subsequently the governor, under whose administration the prohibition legislation above mentioned was passed, became a candidate to succeed himself, and notwithstanding the unbroken precedent for forty years (saving only one isolated instance) that a governor was not to be re-elected, he was re-elected and was awarded a second term by way of being directly made upon the action of the present governor in bringing about the passage of an extraordinary session of the general assembly of the legislature aforementioned, the administration of said governor was utterly and completely repudiated and he was ignominiously defeated and relegated to private life.

Violation of Rights.
3. The right to use liquor for personal and domestic purposes has never within the history of the state, until now, been questioned. The only occasion upon which the people have had the opportunity to express their disapproval of the policy of prohibition was in the last general election, and the result of that election left no doubt as to what in the public mind constituted the true public policy of the state of Georgia.

Continued on Page Eleven.

WHY?

GOD HAS ASKED "WHENCE COME WARS AND FIGHTINGS AMONG YOU? COME THEY NOT HENCE, EVEN OF YOUR LUSTS THAT WAR IN YOUR MEMBERS?"



First Mortally-Wounded Soldier—Why did you shoot me?
Second Soldier (also dying)—I don't know—God! 'Think of my poor wife and kiddies!
First—I have a mother—only child—if I could only see her again!
Second—Why did we have to shoot each other—I never thought that the "other fellow" would be like you.
First (choking as a spasm of pain seizes him)—I was taught to think of you as a beast—not human—you see—God! To think men—fellow-beings—must murder each other like this.
Second—I'm going, old top. You've done me out—and I you—for the honor of my country—I murdered—God—forgive me—
First—I forgive you, old man—God! the pain. Why must there be such a thing as war when we could have been such friends—He's gone—God forgive me—the honor of his—country! How empty—God! How empty!—(Dies.)
—From The Milwaukee Leader.

—JUD WRIGHT.

The Czar's fall is prophetic—All crowns are not gold—Many Tyrants possess none at all—They have only power and would know not what to do with a jeweled bauble—But opposed to them is One Who wore a crown of thorns—His spirit is abroad in His world—He will conquer.

SIR GILBERT PARKER, a distinguished Englishman, is reported to have said:

"A German Submarine Campaign could in no way place us in the position where Germany is—without fats and oils, without the necessary foods for the youth of the country. That is to say, German boys and girls of today who are to be the future manhood and womanhood of Germany, are being deprived of those foods necessary to proper growth and sustenance. And I am glad of it!"

GOD has said:
"If thine enemy hunger, feed him."
But the Devil of War has driven men, German, French and English, of the mental caliber of Sir Gilbert Parker, not brutes of the underworld, but leaders of thought, to delight in starving little children.

Paderewski says—No children under seven years of age have been left alive in Poland. They are dead of want.

Will it help us—will it heal our wounded honor to add to the orphans of the world a thousand score or more of children, and to starve them so that those who escape death will become the fathers and mothers of a stunted race?

Will killing and maiming these innocents bring life to those Americans, traffickers in munitions or contraband of war, who, driven by greed or folly, have died in trying to break through the cordon which Germany has drawn about the British coast in retaliation for the unbroken blockade of the German coast in which Sir Gilbert Parker glories?

THE WAR GOD'S CREED

IF THE WAR GOD'S PHILOSOPHY AND METHODS ARE ADOPTED by the Christian man let him be honest and accept the War God's creed:

"I believe in an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth.

"I believe in resisting evil with evil, in rendering unto Caesar authority over the bodies and minds of men and unto God the fragments that remain.

"I believe that all who take the sword shall perish with the sword—except the United States of America.

"I believe that vengeance is ours and not the Lord's.

"I believe that cursed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called unpatriotic.

"I believe that the only cure for war is more war, and the only satisfaction for a nation's honor lies in killing human beings."

BUT LET HIM REMEMBER:

God has said:

"Thou shalt not kill—

"Resist not evil with evil—

"Whosoever shall smite thee on thy right cheek, turn to him the other also—

"Put up thy sword, for all that take the sword shall perish with the sword. . . . He that killeth with the sword must be killed with the sword—

"Avenge not thyself—

"Vengeance is mine—I will repay—

"Watch and pray—

"Blessed are the peacemakers."



—From The Way of August 2, 1916. A DANGEROUS PET.

Get THE WAY, out today. Read it and think of these things. Send us your name if you are interested in fighting for the Kingdom of God, using the weapon which He has provided, "the Sword of the Spirit," His Truth.

Other articles which will interest you in today's number of THE WAY are:

Proposal to Arm Our Children.

The Source of War, Greed.

Georgia's Prohibition Law.

The Moving Picture, "Civilization."

A Question for Atlanta's Business Mayor.

Czar, First in War, First to Fall.

Bread Riots Symptoms of Danger.

Stock Exchange on War.

Soul of America on Trial.

For Sale at Newsstands, Five Cents

THE WAY

One Dollar the Year, Offices Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

On HERRMANN, 1st, Weather Bureau.

The prices of True Shape Socks are such as you must pay for ordinary every day socks.

True Shape Socks for Men

Silk Lisle, 35c. Silk Lisle, 35c. Pure Silk, 35c.

are knit-to-shape, fitting the feet smoothly without stretching or bagging. This feature, with four-ply heels and toes, insures "twice usual wear" and perfect comfort as well as a good, trim look.

Guaranteed by your dealer and the factory

TRUE SHAPE HOSIERY CO. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Get Easter Clothes Here

\$1.00 DOWN

WELCOME MEN AND WOMEN

Don't wait longer—your Easter Suit is here. Read our terms and come right along and get it. Remember, here you find the cream of New York styles, all marked in plain figures; one price to all and that price as low as any other store. Confidential and cheerful credit to all.

MENTER'S TERMS

On any purchase of \$15 or less, \$1.00 down gets the clothes; then pay as you wear, \$1.00 a week. Liberal terms on larger purchases.—Menter.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, \$15 to \$25
Women's Spring Suits, \$15 to \$40

MEN'S DEPARTMENT		WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT	
Topcoats	\$12.00 to \$22.00	Spring Coats	\$8.00 to \$35.00
Raincoats	10.00 to 15.00	Dresses	8.50 to 25.00
Trousers	3.00 to 6.00	Skirts	3.00 to 7.00
Spring Hats	1.50 to 3.50	Fine Waists	3.00 to 6.50
Boys' Suits	4.50 to 10.00	Millinery	2.50 to 7.50

37 Thriving Stores

ALTERATIONS ARE FREE

WE DO AS WE ADVERTISE

MENTER

71½ WHITEHALL ST., Upstairs

We gladly open accounts with people in East Point, College Park, Hapeville, Kirkwood, Smyrna, Decatur and Marietta, Ga.

Write For 1917 Illustrated Catalogue Of Wedding Gifts

Since 1887 we have specialized wedding gifts.

Since 1894 we have issued an annual catalogue for the convenience of customers living at a distance.

In these catalogues we have illustrated the very cream of our stock. Net prices are quoted. Forwarding charges paid on mail orders, and safe delivery guaranteed.

Our twenty-second annual catalogue (for 1917) will be mailed complimentary anywhere upon request.

Special attention paid to all orders for gifts.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

WHEAT MAKES GAINS WITH OTHER GRAINS

Reported Embarking of a
Fleet of Thirty Ships From
Holland to American Ports
Lifts Prices to Good Gains.

Chicago, March 22.—Assertions that a large fleet of merchant steamships from Holland and elsewhere was on the way to the American seaboard helped today to lift wheat prices. The close was strong, 1 to 2½c net higher, with May at \$1.86½ to \$1.86½, and July at \$1.57 to \$1.57½. Corn gained ½c.

to 1%*c*; oats $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ *c*, and provisions 15 to 20*c*.

Although the wheat market averaged higher and made a robust finish, quotations showed considerable irregularity, with the bulls scaring easily on advances, but inclined to give support on any setback. At the outset

bears seemed to have an advantage, owing to favorable crop reports from the southwest, and because of assertions that reserves of wheat in Great Britain were increasing. Later, however, domestic field advices, especially from Nebraska and Kansas, were of a pessimistic character, and, according to one authority, the outlook in ten of the largest producing counties in western and central Kansas was extremely bad.

The chief stimulus for buyers, though, was found in notices that as many as thirty vessels would soon arrive to receive the grain.

Announcements that the government was making inquiries for flour and had let hard-tender bids to increase bullish sentiment regarding wheat.

Some of the indications for a rally in freight conditions were improving eastward from Chicago.

There was a gain in corn resulted largely from bullish estimates of the yield in Argentina. One expert said that the Argentine crop would be no corn available there for shipment to other countries.

There was a gain in corn and wheat. Receipts were light.

Provisions rallied owing to the strong rise in grain.

Lower quotations on hogs had a transient depressing influence.

Chicago Quotations.

Range board of trade Thursday.				
Articles	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT				Prev.
May	1.85 1/2	1.86 1/2	1.82 1/2	1.85 1/2
July	1.85 1/2	1.86 1/2	1.82 1/2	1.84 1/2

Receipts in Chicago						
CORN—						
May	.....	1.10%	1.12%	1.10%	1.12%	1.10%
July	.....	1.09%	1.10%	1.09%	1.10%	1.09%
OATS—						
May	.....	88%	89	88%	88%	88%
July	.....	86%	87%	86	86%	86%
PORK—						
May	.....	34.00	31.30	33.65	34.30	34.10
July	.....	33.00	33.45	32.95	33.45	33.30
LARD—						
May	.....	19.65	19.75	19.42	19.72	19.57
July	.....	19.47	19.75	19.40	19.75	19.57
RIBS—						
May	.....	17.82	18.02	17.72	18.02	17.87
July	.....	18.12	17.85	18.12	17.97	

Wheat		Thursday,
Corn		41 cts
Oats		246 cts
Hogs	\$5.00	head

Grain.

Chicago, March 22.—Wheat, No. 2 red,
nominal; No. 3 hard, nominal;
No. 2 hard, nominal;
Corn, No. 2 yellow, \$1.14½; No. 15; No. 3
yellow, \$1.12½; No. 14½; No. 4 yellow, \$1.10¾
to \$1.13.
Oats, No. 2 white, 61¢; standard, 67¢;

St. Louis, March 22.—Wheat, No. 2 red, \$2.03@2.03½; No. 2 hard, \$1.99; May, \$1.86½; July, \$1.54.
Corn, No. 2, \$1.12@1.15; No. 2 white,

Corn, No. 2, \$1.11@1.13; No. 2 white, \$1.14½@1.15; May, \$1.12½; July, \$1.10¾.
Oats, No. 2, *62@62½; No. 3 white, 63@64; May, 69¾.

Kansas City, March 22.—Cash wheat, No. 2 hard, \$1.95@2.02; No. 3, \$1.94@2.01; No.

red, \$1.94@1.99.
Corn, No. 2 mixed, \$1.17@1.17½; No. 2 white, \$1.17@1.17½; No. 2 yellow, \$1.18½@1.19½.
Oats, No. 2 white, 63¼@64; No. 2 mixed, 62@63.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, March 22.—After starting lower, cotton oil advanced rapidly on the strength in lard and kindred products, but

	Opening.	Closing.
Spots		13.60 bid
March	13.65 @ 13.90	13.76 @ 13.78
April	13.50 @ 13.60	13.59 @ 13.70
May	13.59 @ 13.61	13.74 @ 13.75
June	13.59 @ 13.60	13.71 @ 13.72
July	13.56 @ 13.57	13.67 @ 13.71
August	13.56 @ 13.58	13.67 @ 13.68

September	13.57@13.60	13.68@13.70
October	13.19@13.20	13.26@13.27

Metals.

New York, March 22.—The metal ex-

At London: Lead, £30 10s; spelter, £47.
Copper quiet; electrolytic, spot and near-
by, nominal; second quarter, \$33.00 @ \$35.00,
nominal; third quarter, \$31.00 @ \$2.50.

At London: Spot copper, £136; futures, 135 10s; electrolytic, £151; spot tin, £213; futures, £212.

New York Financial.
New York, March 22.—Mercantile paper, @4½. Sterling, 60-day bills, 4.71½; commercial, 60-day bills on banks, 4.71½; commercial, 60-day bills, 4.71½; demand,

75 9-16; cables, 4.76 7-18.
 France, demand, 5.84%; cables, 5.83%.
 Marks, demand, 69; cables, 69%. Kronen,
 demand, 11.25; cables, 11.30. Guilders, demand,
 40 7-18; cables, 40½. Lires, demand,
 80; cables, 7.79. Rubles, demand, 28.40;
 cables, 28.50.

Bar silver, 72 1/2%.
Mexican dollars, 55 1/2%.
Government bonds firm; railroad bonds
easy.
Time loans steady; 60 and 90 days, 3 1/4 @
3%; six months, 3 3/4 @ 4.
Call money steady; high, 2 1/2%; low, 2%
into 3%; last loan, 2 1/4% closing bid.

100-lb. sacks,	\$2.95;	Purina pigeon feed,
100-lb. sacks,	\$4.15;	Purina chick, 100-lb.
sacks,	\$3.15;	Victory chick, 100-lb. sacks,

Special scratch, 100-lb. sacks, \$2.85; beef scraps, per 100-lb. sacks, \$4.50; beef scraps, per 50-lb. sacks, \$2.50; oyster shell, per 100-lb. sacks, \$1.00.

Peters Proven Products Per Cwt.—Arab horse feed, \$2.50; Re-Peter horse feed, \$2.40; Arab horse feed, \$2.50.

ing Corn nose feed, \$2.20.
Ground Feed Per Cwt.—A. B. C. mule
feed, \$2.10; No. 1 alfalfa meal, \$1.90.
Shorts and Mill Feed Per Cwt.—Fancy
mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, \$2.50; P. W. mill
feed, 75-lb. sacks, \$2.40; XXX mill feed, 75-
lb. sacks, \$2.35; brown shorts, 100-lb. sacks,
\$2.25; Georgia feed, 75-lb. sacks, \$2.20; Big

ac hog feed, 75-lb. sacks, \$2.05; velvet
can meal, 100-lb. sacks, \$1.70.
Salt—Salt (brk med.), per case, \$5.25;
lt brk (plain), per case, \$2.50; salt,
zone, 25 packages, per case, \$1.05; salt,
ck Frost, 25 packages, \$1.05; salt, white
ck, per cwt., \$1.10; salt, Chippewa, 100-

sacks, 70c; salt, Jack Frost, 100-lb. sacks, 70c; salt, Jack Frost, 50-lb. sacks, 70c; salt, Jack Frost, 25-lb. sacks, 24c; salt, V. P., 25-lb. sacks, 24c; salt, Myles, 50-lb. sacks, 65c; salt blocks, 50-lb. blocks, 65c.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

HANOVER SQUARE
Members New York Cotton Exchange,
York Produce Exchange; associate mem-
bers solicited for the purchase and sale

Special attention and liberal
 cotton for delivery, Correspondence

TILLMAN DECLARES FOR WAR ON GERMANY

Senator States Germans Are Making War on Us and Time Is Here to Retaliate.

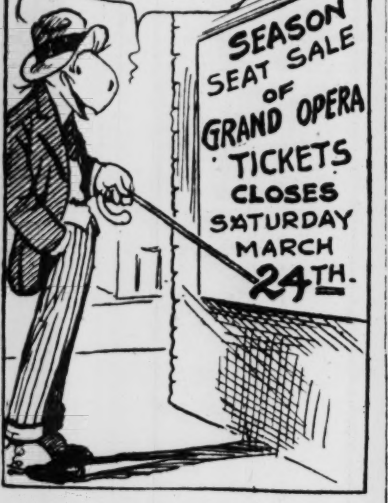
Augusta, Ga., March 22.—B. R. Tillman, in Augusta on private business today, said he will vote for war the first opportunity he gets. His opinion is that Germany has gone beyond the limit and is now making war on this country, and he favors immediate action.

He believes the senate will stand by President Wilson, and that action should be taken at once.

TWO DAYS ARE LEFT OF SEASON TICKET GRAND OPERA SALE

There remain but two more days in which to obtain season tickets for grand opera at the advantageous prices of the sale which has for the several weeks past been in progress. This sale closes Saturday night, so only Friday and Saturday remain.

This fact has brought about a noticeable increase in the demand for season



tickets in the last several days, and the best seats are being pretty well picked over.

In a week or so, after the close of the sale of season tickets, tickets for single performances will go on sale, but these will be advanced in price somewhat over the prices at which tickets for the entire season may now be obtained. Anyone desiring season tickets after Saturday will have to pay the full single performance rate.

The demand for season tickets this year has been easily greater than in any past season, both locally and through mail.

Tickets by mail may be had by communicating with C. B. Bidwell, treasurer of the Atlanta Music Festival association, Fourth National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga. All such mail orders must be accompanied by check, exchange, draft, postoffice or express order, and self-addressed stamped envelope for reply. Such orders will be filled strictly in the order they are received and will be allotted as near as possible to the location desired. Checks should be made payable to C. B. Bidwell, treasurer.

LADIES OF DECATUR PLAN DEEP STUDY OF RED CROSS WORK

Decatur, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—A large and enthusiastic number of Decatur ladies, members of the Atlanta Red Cross chapter, met at the residence of Mrs. E. H. Wilson on Candler street today and heard addresses by Mrs. Victor Cluis and Mrs. Richard Johnstone, in which plans were discussed in Red Cross work and first aid courses.

Many Decatur ladies signed for first aid courses. Some of them signified their intention to take full courses in sanitation, hygiene, etc., and graduate as trained nurses.

It was agreed for the purpose of convenience to organize two classes in Decatur, one on the north side and the other on the south side of town.

The next meeting of the Decatur members will be held at the residence of Mrs. H. G. Hastings on Clarks avenue, on the north side, next Monday afternoon, at which time some more definite announcement of the plans of the Decatur branch is expected to be made.

Maier-Berkele Firm Celebrates 30th Year With Banquet Thursday

Stockholders, attaches and business men of prominence gathered around the banquet table last night at the thirtieth anniversary celebration of the firm of Maier & Berkele, Whitehall street jewelers, and one of the south's leading jewelry establishments.

The banquet was held in the Piedmont hotel. Covers, bearing distinctive souvenirs, were laid for forty guests. In addition to the Piedmont celebration, the colored porters of Maier & Berkele were tendered an anniversary feast in another section of the city.

H. A. Maier, head of the firm, was presented with a handsome 23-jeweled Hamilton watch, which was the gift of everyone connected with the jewelry establishment on the pay roll from janitor to stockholder.

The presentation speech was made by J. T. Fleming, secretary of the firm, Fred J. Paxson, vice president of the firm, served as toastmaster, introducing Mr. Maier, Mel R. Wilkinson, L. D. Hicks, A. S. Adams, Harrison Jones and H. W. Anderson, for short talks.

The guest list included among the employees and stockholders Mrs. A. J. Maier, Mrs. P. J. Paxson, C. W. Morgan, H. M. Atkins, D. W. Woodward, T. R. Littlepage, J. V. Doll, W. A. Haygood, J. T. Fleming, W. G. Marks, K. R. Hengke, E. C. Brady, H. W. Anderson, H. A. Maier, Robert J. Lowry, F. J. Paxson, W. J. Paxon, E. C. Murphy, M. L. Wilkinson, Miss Mamie Berkele, Mrs. Edna Reeves, Miss Ella Jones, Miss Birdie Foote, Miss Gertrude Garrard, Miss N. E. Johnson, Miss Readie Platt, Miss Annie Heppel, J. J. Condon, M. L. Copelan, Joe Jansen, John P. Burns, J. W. Kreeger, C. D. Beeland. The visitors were W. W. Orr, L. D. Hicks, Kendall Weisner, Harrison Jones, Ivan Allen and A. S. Adams.

FARMER KILLS EAGLE ON GEORGIA PLANTATION

Moultrie, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—J. H. Tillman, a farmer of the Autreyville district, killed an eagle yesterday. The bird measured six feet and six inches from tip to tip of wings, and it stood four and a half feet high. When shot, the eagle was attacking a pig which had strayed away from the rest of the herd.

Springtime—Kodak Time

Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, are headquarters for the Kodak. Let them show you the new Kodaks. They always have the new things. 42 N. Broad St.—(adv.)

REAL FIGHT ON THE DEGREE OF "DRYNESS"

Continued From Page Nine.

gias upon that subject. We submit, therefore, that as a matter of expediency, not only has there been no demand from the public for the passage of any prohibitive measure which denies to the citizens the right to use ardent spirits for domestic and personal purposes, but on the contrary the whole history of the state from the date of its organization establishes the traditional and the inherent right of the citizens to use such spirits as his judgment might dictate, provided that in such use he is nowise infringing upon the rights of others. The constitution of the state of Georgia, in the rights which belong to the citizens of Georgia, among others the right to bear arms, to be exempt from unreasonable search and seizure of person or property, the right to speak and write his own sentiments as he might deem proper, being responsible and numerous other rights, specifically mentioned and by paragraph 2, section 1, article 1, of the constitution it is expressly provided: "The enumeration of rights herein contained as a part of this constitution shall not be construed to deny to the people any inherent rights which they may have hitherto enjoyed."

This provision was incorporated in the constitution of 1877. There can be no dispute that prior to that date, and for a time thereafter, the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, the right of a citizen of Georgia to possess and keep in his own home for domestic and personal use and for dispensation by way of hospitality to his guests, the right to use ardent spirits, those of the use of which he is now sought to deprive a free white man of the privilege of, was never mentioned. We submit, therefore, that when the Georgia legislature, by a majority of its members, undertakes to deprive a free white man of the privilege of the use of ardent spirits, it is in an effort to deprive him of one of the inherent rights which, under the constitution of the state, he is entitled to enjoy as a citizen of Georgia. The undersigned appeal to the constitution of this state as the ark of the covenant which must ultimately shelter and protect the rights of all the citizens of the state against the aggressions of arbitrary power.

4. We submit that this bill cannot be defended upon the theory that the state in the exercise of its police power may regulate and destroy the traffic in liquor. So far as we have been able to learn the police power has never been held to have the right to extend to a prohibition upon the personal use of liquor. Indeed, the proposition has never been hitherto seriously urged, not until now has there ever been any pretension that the citizen should be deprived of this right by arbitrary legislation.

Claim Espionage Would Result.
5. We further submit that the organization of a system of state-wide system of constabulary invested with authority to investigate and espionage in contrary to the whole spirit and genius of the institutions of government under which we live. It violates the letter and spirit of the constitution of this state in that it undertakes to set apart this proposed statute as a law unto itself and notwithstanding the provisions for the general enforcement of all laws by the state, it proposes to take away from the people of the state the power to elect those officers who are to enforce the law. The people of Georgia by the constitution have reserved to themselves the authority to elect sheriffs, constables, police officers, judges, solicitors general and all other officers constituting a complete system of machinery for the enforcement of penal laws, but the bill recommended for passage by the legislature proposes to take away from the people of the state the power to elect those officers who are to enforce this law and invest the governor of the state with the arbitrary power of appointment and removal. We submit that not only is this contrary to the constitution of the state, but it invests the chief executive

of the state with an arbitrary power such as the people of this state have never yet conferred upon any chief executive.

Claim Bill Is Infringement.
6. We further submit that there is no possible defense of this provision of the law which prohibits the manufacture for personal and family use of domestic wine and the prohibition against the use of such wines for sacramental purposes is an insult to the Christian civilization of the age. The bill presents the amazing paradox of authorizing the importation from other states of wines for sacramental purposes when, by its terms, it prohibits our own people from manufacturing wines for similar purposes from their vines, and it might be helpful to inquire what would be the attitude of that religious denomination which is willing to take the sacrament from wines fermented in Tennessee and yet refuse to accept it when fermented from grapes grown upon the vines of Georgia. The hypocrisy of the whole situation is developed in this statement, and we submit that under no possible theory of ethics, of morals, or of law can the proposed legislation be upheld as a constitutional or wise exercise of the power to make laws. We submit that the time has not yet come in Georgia when people of this state are so indifferent to their rights as that they will sit quiet and unresisting and see themselves deprived of arbitrary power of their right to use ardent spirits for domestic and personal purposes. In the case of Adams Express Company vs. Commonwealth of Kentucky, reported in volume 238, page 190, of the decisions of the supreme court of the United States, that court held that the decision of a case which involved the right under the Webb-Keown law to exclude from interstate commerce liquors designed for personal use. This court held that, in view of the decision in that case, the prohibition against the use of such liquors could not be prohibited in interstate commerce. Just such liquors as we saw proper to import into Kentucky, and it is refreshing in this connection to find that the decision of the supreme court expressed when it was sought to deprive the individual of his right to use liquor. That great court said:

Cites State History.
"The history of our state from its beginning shows that there never was even the claim of a right on the part of the legislature to interfere with the citizen using liquor for his own comfort, provided that in so doing he commits no offense against public decency by being intoxicated; and we are of the opinion that it has never been within the competency of the legislature to so restrict the liberty of the citizen, and certainly not since the adoption of the present constitution. The bill of rights, which declared that among the inalienable rights possessed by the citizens, is that of seeking and pursuing their safety and happiness, and that the absolute and arbitrary power over the lives, liberty and property of freemen exists nowhere in a republic, not even in the largest majority would be but an empty sound if the legislature could prohibit the citizen the right of owning or drinking liquor when in so doing he would not offend the laws of decency by being intoxicated."

When we read the language of this decision, and read it in connection with the hereditary traditions of our own state, we may well inquire from whence does the Georgia legislature draw the authority to take away from the citizen of the state the privilege of using his discretion as to what he will drink or eat, or what he will wear, or what he will do, or what he will own. These considerations lead us to the conclusion that not only is the proposed legislation an infringement of the superior sense, but that it is in violation of the very spirit and genius of the constitution of our government under which we live. We, therefore, recommend that the bill do not pass.

(Signed)—Stark, of Jackson; Findley, of Floyd; Strickland, of Pierce; Jackson, of

Chatham; Andrews, of Fulton; Harris, of Walker.

Then Fight Starts.
When a motion was made to have 300 copies of the "bone-dry" bill printed and laid upon the desks of the members, Representative Blackburn introduced an amendment providing for the printing also of 300 copies of the minority report to be laid upon the desks of the members. This motion precipitated the hottest fight of the day, and the motion, coming as it did from the minority leader and bearing upon a strictly minority matter, gained a surprising amount of strength. When the vote upon the amendment was taken the minority, which had not been able to do so before at this session, was able to command a roll call by four-fifths of one vote, and on the roll call the amendment was voted down by the comparatively narrow margin of 72 to 83.

The Beazley motion for the printing of the bill was then put and carried by the approximately usual showing of strength of 101 to 10.

A resolution by Representative Andrews, of Fulton, indorsing the administration of President Wilson and condemning "in unmeasured terms the conduct and actions of that coterie of senators in the United States" who block the president's plans and ideas for the defense of the country, was passed.

Andrews Resolution.
The Andrews resolution is as follows: "Resolved, by the house of representatives of the general assembly of Georgia, in extraordinary session assembled, That we heartily and unanimously commend the administration of our great president, Woodrow Wilson."

"Resolved, further, That we condemn in unmeasured terms the conduct and actions of that coterie of senators in the United States who block the president's plans and ideas for the defense of our country and its commerce."

"Resolved, further, That we do hereby declare our absolute confidence in our president, both as to his great ability and his splendid and unquestionable patriotism, and we do now solemnly assure the president that our sympathies and support shall be with him in whatever action he may feel called upon to take in properly meeting the exigencies and the exigencies that may arise in the administration of our national affairs, whether in peace or war."

Fight in the Senate.
When the senate met and received the report of the temperance committee

tee favorably recommending for passage the "bone dry" bill, the bill was read for the third time and placed upon its passage.

Early in the debate Senator Turner introduced his amendment to allow each citizen to transport personally into Georgia one quart of liquor per month for his personal use, and was voted down.

The senate then developed the warmest sort of a fight over whether or not the provision for a state commissioner of prohibition should be allowed to go into the "bone dry" prohibition bill, which Thursday morning was read for the third time and placed upon its passage in the upper branch of the legislature.

The entire session was spent in debating the one point, and at 1:15 o'clock adjourned until 10 o'clock Friday morning without taking any action. The adjournment until Friday morning was accomplished after a spirited fight on the part of Senator Stovall, of the Thirtieth, for an afternoon session Thursday.

Administration Urges Plan.
Close friends of Governor Harris in the senate were ardent in their advocacy of this feature, which has been insisted upon by the governor. Among other advocates of the office there is a disposition to allow the creation of the office—making the state commissioner of commerce and labor the prohibition commissioner—but stripping the office of power to prosecute, or at best, to assist in prosecutions only at the request of county authorities.

Opponents of this feature are of the opinion that the creation of this office would breed contempt for the law and hamper its enforcement through resentment of an "outsider" seemingly "meddling" in the court affairs of the county.

Among those who spoke in favor of the creation of the office were Senators Boykin of the seventeenth, Walker of the twentieth, Way of the second, and Adams of the thirty-third, while those opposing the office on the floor of the senate were Senators McLaughlin of the thirty-sixth, Akin of the fourth, Burnside of the twenty-ninth, Pickett of the eleventh and others.

Glasses Fitted

Nothing speaks so effectively as past performance. That's why we ask your investigation of the "Hawkes reputation"—before you have your glasses fitted; then we want you to see our Kryptoks (invisible bifocals), Toric lenses, Fita-U Eye Glass mountings, etc. Our nearly half a century's experience means much to you—when you need glasses.



HAWKES
OPTICIANS
14 WHITEHALL

Tech Students Await With Delight Advent Of Wesleyan Glee Club

The Wesleyan Glee club will appear tonight at Georgia Tech with a number of delightful song treats and some lively, up-to-date witticisms. The club is under the direction of Reginald W. Billin, the well-known baritone.

Last night the club gave a concert at Emory college, at Oxford, Ga. They will reach Atlanta this morning ready for the concert tonight at the Y. M. C. A. hall at Tech. Admission price for the public is 75 cents a seat, while the admission for Tech men is 50 cents each.

The program arranged for Atlanta will include: (1) "Summer," Chaminade; (2) "Flow Gently, Sweet Afton," Gillette; (3) "A Day Song," Vibbard; (4) "Only to Thee," Saint Saens; (5) "Reading by Miss Carolyn Cater; (6) a "Something Seems Tingle-tingle-ing," Friml; (7) "Italian Street Song," Herbert; (8) "A Japanese Garden;" (9) Selected songs; (10) Dialogue, Miss Cater and Miss Wesley; (11) a "The Gipsies," Brahms; (12) "Mister Boogaman," Billin; (13) "Swing Along," Cook.

The personnel of the club is made up of: Soprano, Misses Linda Anderson, Pearl Elder, Druella Douglas, Alene Kennedy, Marion Legg, Letta Sams, Louise McGhee, Milla Pharr, Mildred Jerger, Mildred Daniel, Jane Cater, Mary Lane, Florence Legg, Pauline Pierce, Vail Jones, Beth Hiley, Susan Tanner, Ethel Wilson, Catherine Galt, Emma Love Fisher, Pauline Barney, Ruth Wilson, Edith Culpepper, Lillian Price, Carolyn Cater, Katherine Cleecker, Mildred McDonald, Mary Alice Robins, Lillian Bass and Virginia Connally.



Spring
1917

New Oxfords for Men

DON'T be disturbed by reports of shoe-leather shortage; come to Carlton's for your shoes. Here the high quality has never been lowered the least bit; and while you will expect to pay a little more than you would have been asked before the war, you will be certain to get full dollar for dollar value in any shoes you may select.

Our new Oxfords are in, and they're beauties. YOUR size and last is here. Come in and get fitted.

TANS—in kid and calf skin
DULL CALF, VICI, PATENT

\$4.00 to \$8.50

CARLTON'S
36 WHITEHALL STREET

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF! COMPARE

MURAD
WITH
ANY 25 CENT
CIGARETTE



15¢

Everywhere
Why?

Smorqyos Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

GREETING TO DUMA SENT BY COMMONS

All Members of the Former Russian Dynasty Have Placed Selves at Disposition of Provisional Government.

London, March 22.—A resolution of greeting to the Russian duma, proposed by Andrew Bonar Law, was carried in the house of commons today amid cheering.

A monster demonstration will be held in Petrograd on Sunday in favor of women voting at the elections for a constitutional assembly, says a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd today.

All the members of the former Russian dynasty have placed themselves at the disposition of the provisional government, according to Reuter. Grand Duke Cyril has resigned his command of the naval guards.

Robberies, incendiarism and some murders have occurred in Petrograd. The disorders were started by rowdies, who were encouraged by the police, the dispatch says, but were quickly suppressed by the militia force composed of soldiers and workmen, who disarmed the police.

AMUSEMENTS

Big Comic Operetta.

(At the Grand.)—The Merry Maids of Japan, pronounced one of the most engaging musical comedies of recent months, is the headline attraction of the Grand's bill of Marcus Loew vaudeville this week. The principal roles are portrayed by Jack Claire and Vincent Erna. In addition, the Grand presents the noted contralto, Verd de Bassini; Adlon & Co. juggling acrobats; Kane and Herman, the midnight sons; and Harold Cortis and wife in the dramatic playlet, "The Master Move," written by Cortis. The photo-play branch of the program is headlined by Gail Kane in "As Men Made Her."

"Civilization."

(At the Rialto.)—"Civilization," which is creating one of the most pronounced successes of the movie season at the Rialto this week, is a revelation to those who see it. It is a treat for those who have not seen it, and a revelation to those who have. The picture, which has been printed about the spectacle, can have completely prepared them. In most cases where the writer is dealing with any form of entertainment, he is dealing with a picture, a play, a motion picture, a photo-play, etc. It is an easy thing to give another person an idea in comparatively few words, as to the nature of the thing. Of most of these things your essential story can be expressed in a few paragraphs at most.

John Drew.

(At the Atlanta.)—Whether or not one is familiar with Thackeray's average and delightful him in London Mitchell's adaptation of "Pendennis," in which John Drew will appear at the Atlanta Tuesday and Wednesday with a Wednesday matinee. Of most of these things your essential story can be expressed in a few paragraphs at most.

ATLANTA STORIES

FROM DAY TO DAY

Another Peachtree street lease to an auto agency figured in real estate announcements yesterday.

The Forrest & George Adair agency leased for John E. Murphy to Walter Deermann a store room at No. 224 Peachtree street. Mr. Deermann is local agent for the Stutz car, and this site will be utilized as a display room. The lease is for a term of years, although the rent consideration was withheld.

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RIALTO—"Civilization."

Alleged "Dope" Gang

Placed Under Arrest After Raid Thursday

An alleged "dope" gang of six members is now under arrest. The raid was made on 101 Courtland street last night. Lillian Barry, at whose home the raid was made, will be tried in the federal court today. Luther Glover, of Campbellton Road, is held under \$500 bond, charged with making sales of cocaine.

Negro Shoots Woman

And Then Kills Self On Refusal to Marry

Cordelle, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—Because Liza Johnson, a negro woman, refused to marry him, Toussaint Smith, a negro man, fired three shots from a revolver into her body, and then, turning the weapon on himself, killed himself. The affair occurred in the vicinity of Drayton, in Dooly county. Smith died within few hours and the woman is still living, physicians stating that she has a chance to recover.

MORTUARY

Robert J. McDonald.

Robert J. McDonald, 46 years old, died at the residence, 187 North Jackson street, Thursday morning. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Mary L. McDonald, two brothers, E. H. and A. W. McDonald, and four sisters, Misses Kate and Jennie McDonald, Mrs. J. B. Weathers, of Nashville, Tenn., and Mrs. J. P. Turner, of Valdosta.

Kendall Milton.

The body of Kendall Milton, 28 years old, who died Tuesday in Cleveland, Ohio, was taken to Clarkston yesterday. The body arrived in Atlanta early in the morning and was taken to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond. He is survived by his father and mother, Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Milton, and two brothers and three sisters, all of Cornelia, Ga.

J. O. Harris.

J. O. Harris, 45 years old, died at a private hospital at Milledgeville Wednesday morning. He is survived by a brother, D. C. Harris, of East Point, and four sisters, Miss Mary Harris and Mrs. Emma Smith, of East Point, and Mrs. Lola Walker and Mrs. Ida Adams, of Bremen, Ga.

B. W. Roberts.

B. W. Roberts, 38 years old, died at the residence, Druid circle, Thursday night at 10 o'clock. The body was removed to Poole's chapel. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Mary E. Roberts; one sister, Mrs. T. G. Cameron; four brothers, J. R., C. C., D. E. and J. H. Roberts.

A. W. Collins.

A. W. Collins, 45 years of age, died Thursday afternoon at the residence, 311 Dorsey avenue, East Point. He is survived by a widow, five sons and five daughters and a brother, G. F. Collins, of New York.

Motor Club Formed.

Athens, Ga., March 22.—(Special.)—The Athens Motor club, associated with the State and the American Automobile associations, has been organized in Athens with 14 members. The following are named officers: C. D. Flaigen, president; W. G. Griffith, James W. Mortimer, C. M. Strahan, vice presidents; Martin J. Abney, secretary, and B. B. Bloodworth, treasurer.

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